

**GeoAcoustics**  
A KONGSBERG COMPANY



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## Swath Bathymetry II: GeoSwath Plus ROV/AUV – technology and data examples

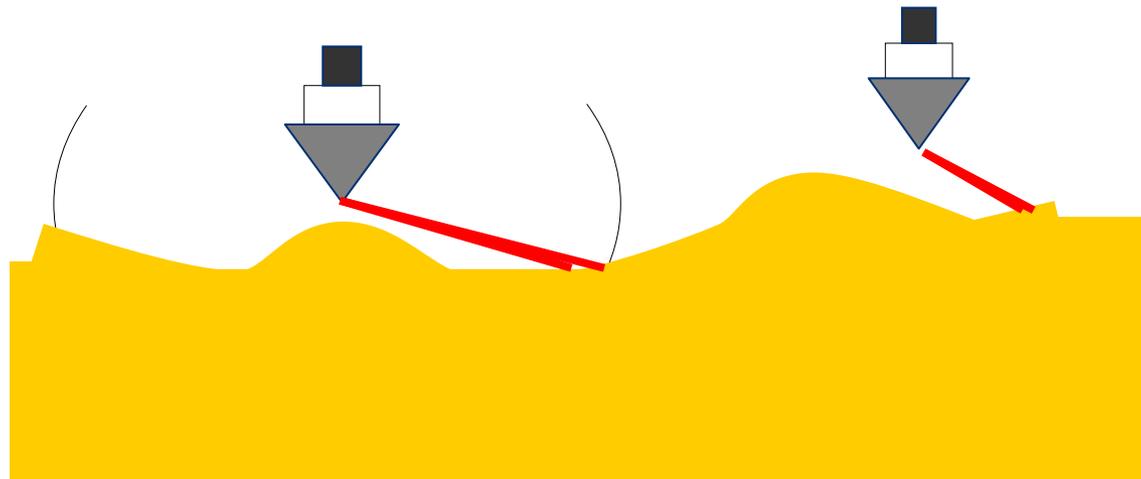


# Why GeoSwath works well on AUVs and ROVs

- Intrinsic advantages of interferometric technology
  - Wide coverage even in low fly heights
  - Swath width insensitive to vehicle motion
  - Simultaneous bathymetry and Side Scan
- Dimensions
  - Small, light and rugged transducers
  - Compact electronics
- Communications
  - PC based - Windows XP
    - Ethernet and serial interfaces
    - Proprietary acquisition and processing software package

# Comparison with beamformer

- Wide view angle, over 240 degrees.
  - Very wide swath bathymetry, even in shallow depth beneath transducers.
  - Coverage limited by S/N not number of beams
    - Swath width insensitive to roll.
- Raw data is a time series of angles (not angle series of times)
- Simultaneous co-registered true digital side scan
- Low power consumption
- Compact and robust transducers and electronics



# GeoSwath specifications



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| Sonar Frequency                       | 125 kHz                              | 250 kHz                              | 500 kHz                              |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Maximum Water Depth below transducers | 200 metres                           | 100 metres                           | 50m                                  |
| Maximum Swath Width                   | 780 metres                           | 390 metres                           | 190m                                 |
| Range                                 | Up to 12 x depth                     | Up to 12 x depth                     | Up to 12 x depth                     |
| Resolution Across Track               | 1.5 cm                               | 1.5 cm                               | 1.5 cm                               |
| Two Way Beam Width                    | 0.9° Azimuth                         | 0.5° Azimuth                         | 0.5° Azimuth                         |
| Depth Resolution                      | 6 mm                                 | 3 mm                                 | 1.5 mm                               |
| Swath Update Rate (max)               | Up to 30per second (range dependent) |                                      |                                      |
| Transducer dimensions                 | 540 x 260 x 80 mm                    | 375 x 170 x 60 mm                    | 255 x 110 x 60 mm                    |
| Transducer Weight                     | 1.6 kg (in air)<br>3.3 kg (in water) | 3.8 kg (in air)<br>1.8 kg (in water) | 1.5 kg (in air)<br>0.5 kg (in water) |

# 500 kHz transducer and electronics for ROV and AUV



# GeoSwath AUV/ROV Specs



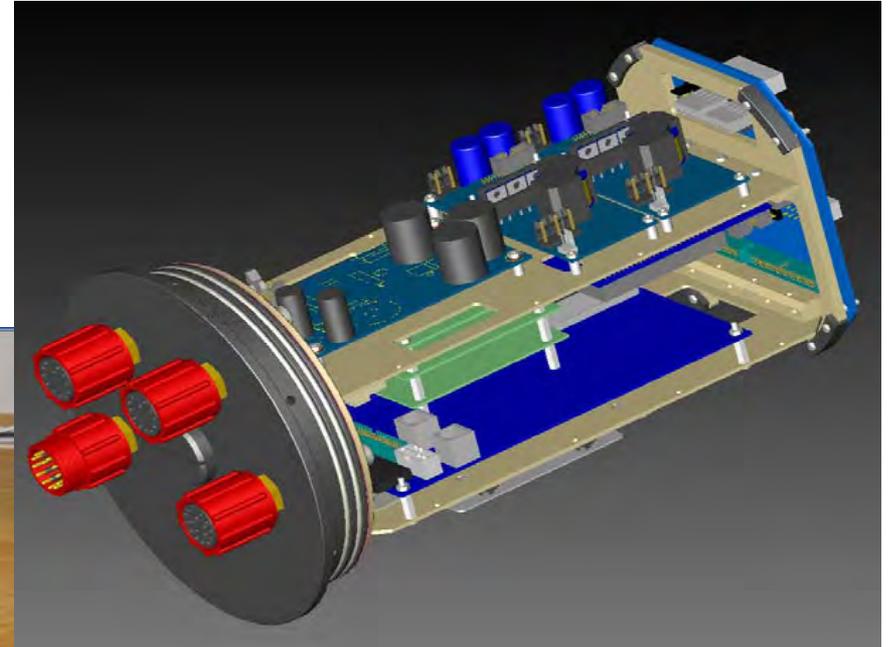
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|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Hardware                  | EBX format, with PC104 processor stack.<br>1.6GHz Pentium-M Processor with 2GB RAM. |
| Data Storage/ retrieval   | 120 GB hard drive, 10/100/1000 BaseT Ethernet link.                                 |
| Mission Endurance         | 12 hour data collection (upgradeable with larger hard drive capacity)               |
| Interface to AUV          | Ethernet (2 x 1Gbit Ethernet ports available), RS232 for ancillaries (optional)     |
| Power requirements        | 24VDC, 50W (at max ping rate), 20W (standby)  |
| Max depth rating          | 2000m (optional 4000m)  |
| Electronics bottle size   | 200 mm OD x 400mm long  |
| Electronics bottle weight | 5 kg (in air), 3 kg (in water)  |

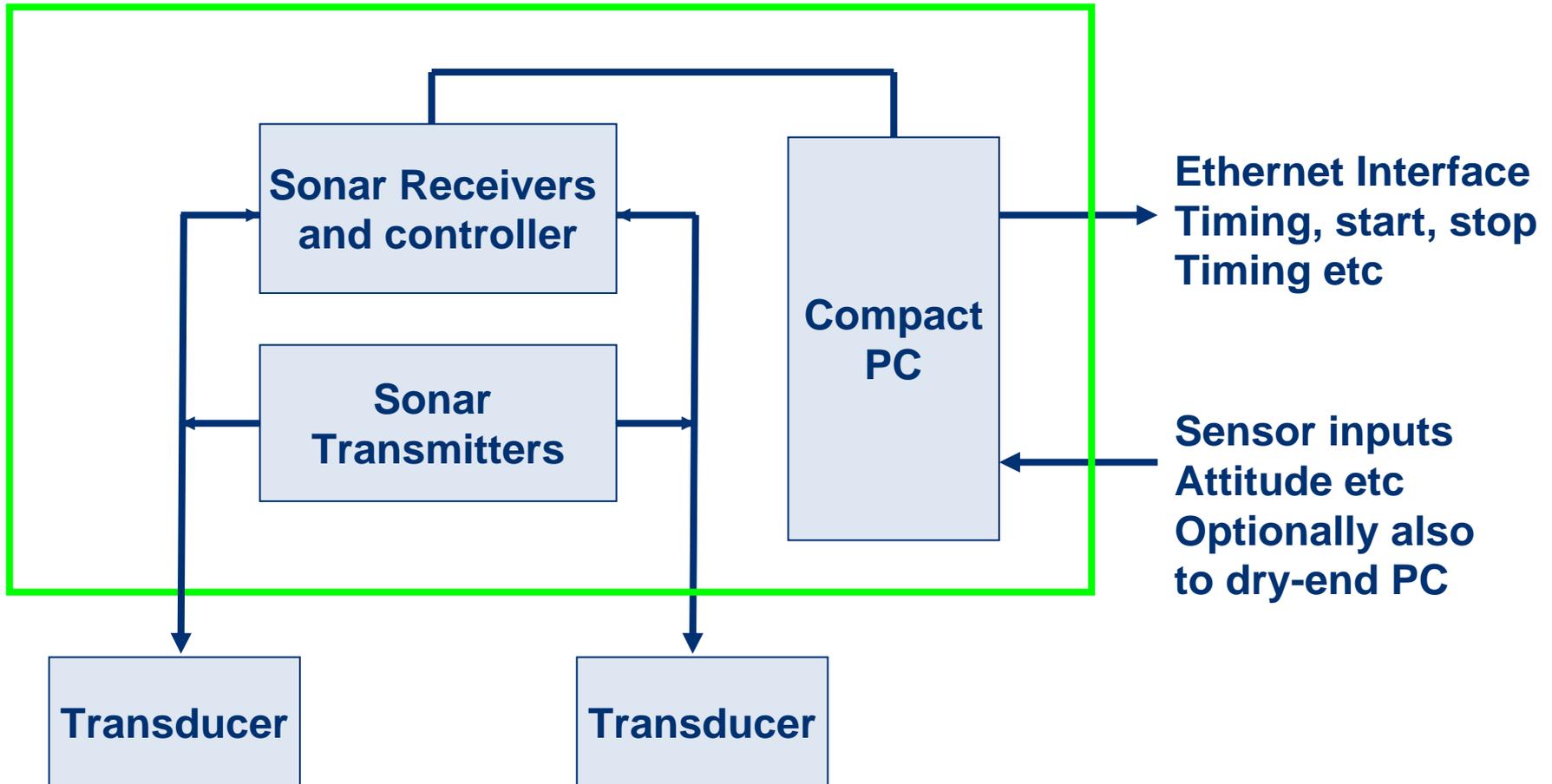
# GeoSwath Plus ROV



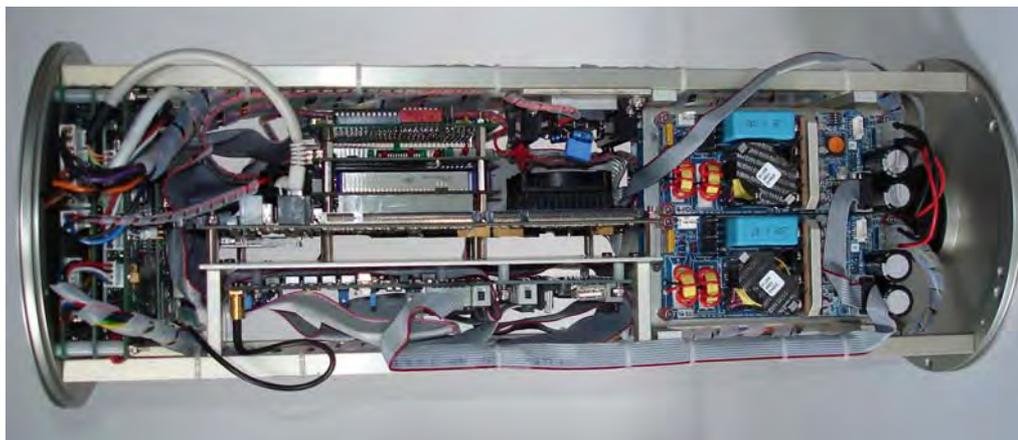
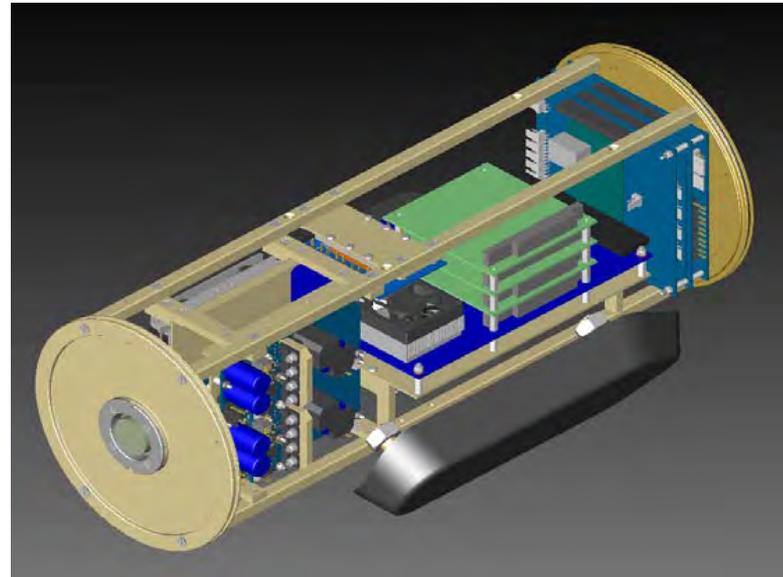
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# GeoSwath ROV

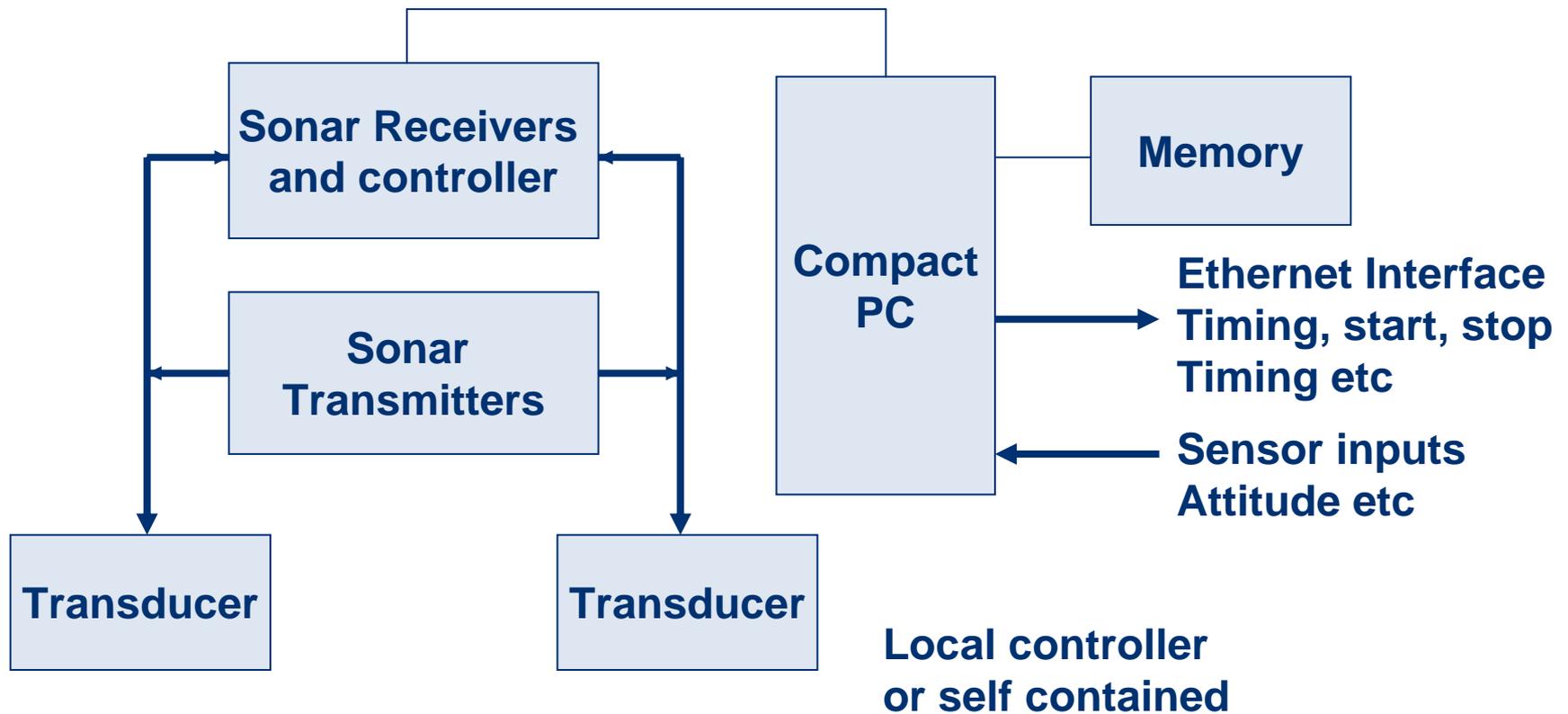


# GeoSwath Plus AUV



# GeoSwath AUV

Generic AUV application using  
Standard GeoSwath Electronics Modules





# Ancillary sensors

For high quality bathymetry data the ancillary sensors must be of a high specification.

- Position
  - x, y
  - Generally processed from ROV/AUV navigation system
- Attitude
  - Pitch, roll
  - Heave generally not useable – use pressure depth instead
  - heading
- Altimeter
- Sound velocity
  - e.g. Valport MiniSVS
- Pressure depth
  - e.g. Parascientific Digiquartz 8CB4000-I
  - A Valport combined pressure and MiniSVS available
- Timing
  - 1pps
  - Hard Ethernet sync – no NTP

# Keys to Performing a High Accuracy Survey

- Stability of mount (transducers to motion sensors)
- 1PPS time synchronisation
- Position accuracy
- Accurate attitude sensing (Roll measurement, and attitude timing)
- Good calibration



# Timing – 1PPS

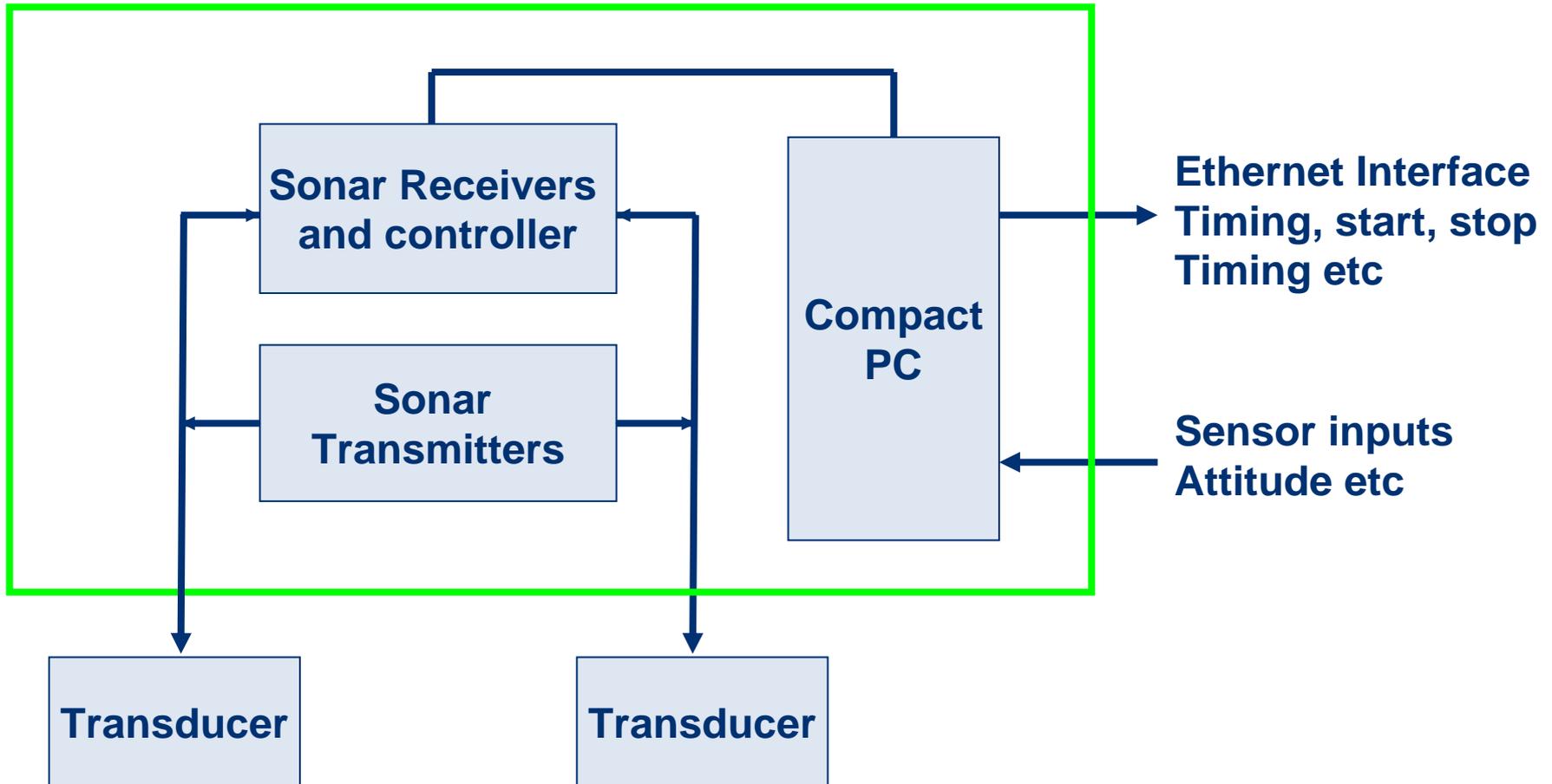
- PPS updating every second
- PPS hardware interface, rising or falling edge selectable
- Corrects PC “internal” time to UTC time
- Tests show errors below 300us absolute, less than 20us ping to ping
- Allows processing with GPS time - zero nav latency
- Makes calibration easier
- Requires PPS availability on the AUV while submerged
- Various options for PPS on ROV



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# GeoSwath Plus ROV Technology

# GeoSwath ROV





# Integration Considerations

- How to mount it on your ROV?
- Communications and power?
- Positioning: No fixed relationship to vessel, so lose absolute GPS fixes. Thus accurate relative positioning is essential for accurate dtm (grids), but not for single swaths (pipelines?). USBL or Inertial Nav etc are needed.
- Height and absolute tide corrected depth are required for accurate "z" or vertical accuracy
- Calibration requirements

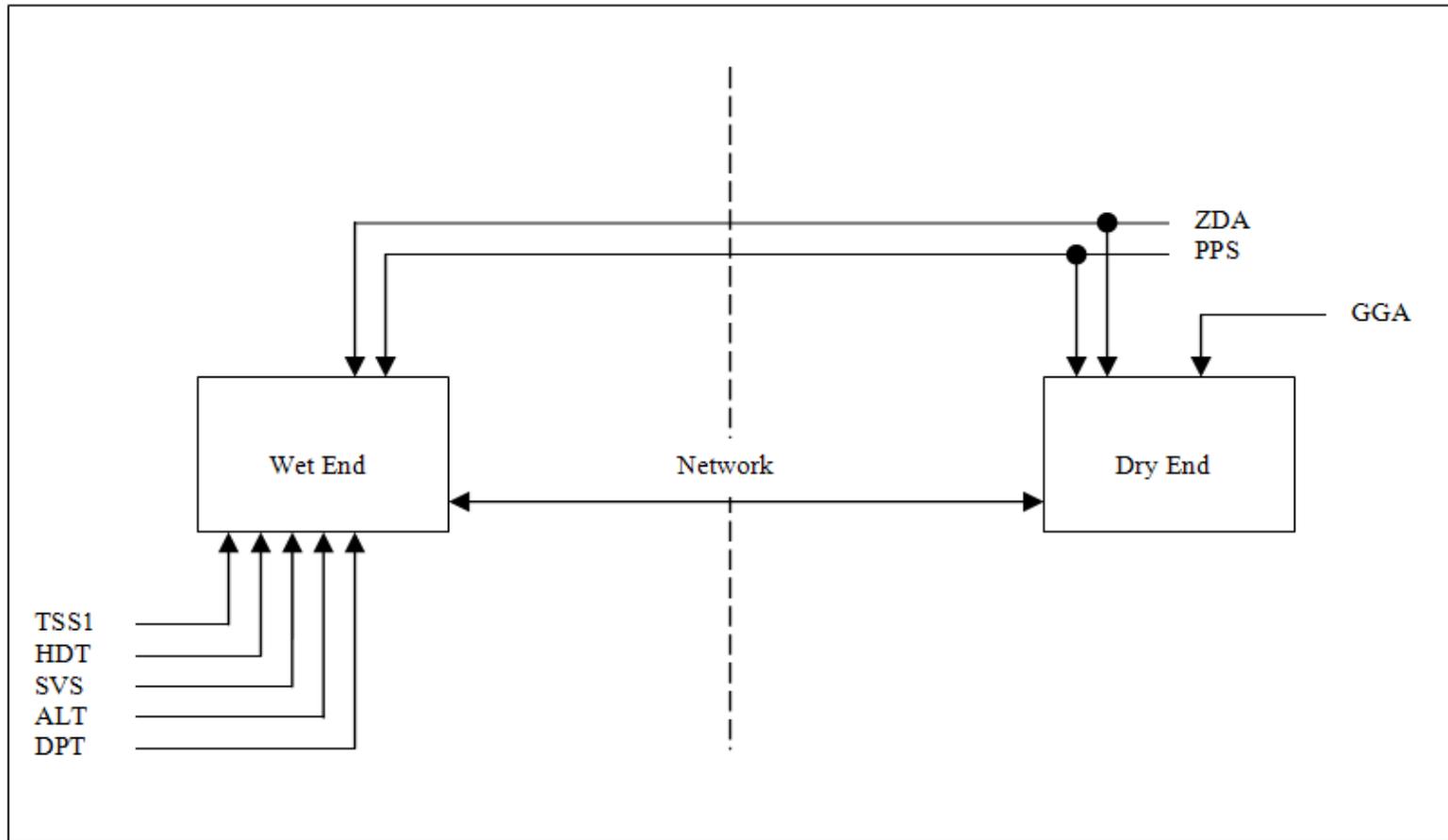


# GeoSwath ROV Communications

- Standard Ethernet Link, Copper or Fibre
- Copper Ethernet Link allows long cable operation (tested on 3 km of 8 mm coax so far)
- Standard serial interfaces to sensors
- 24V/48V DC power supply requirements

# ROV data connection options

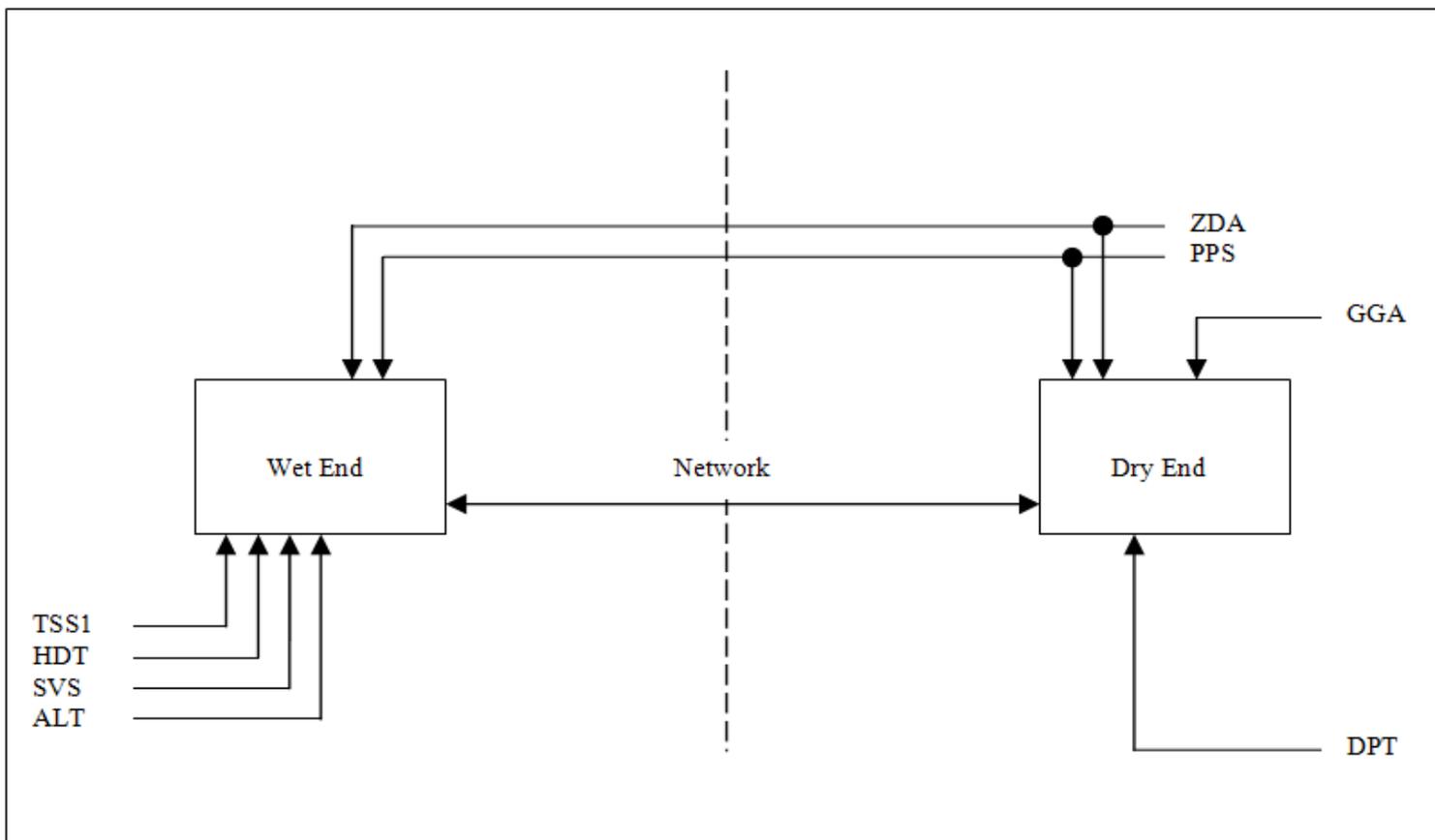
1. Standard GeoSwath peripherals connected at wet-end with addition of pressure sensor, navigation connected at top end, wet and dry ends time synchronized using PPS/ZDA.





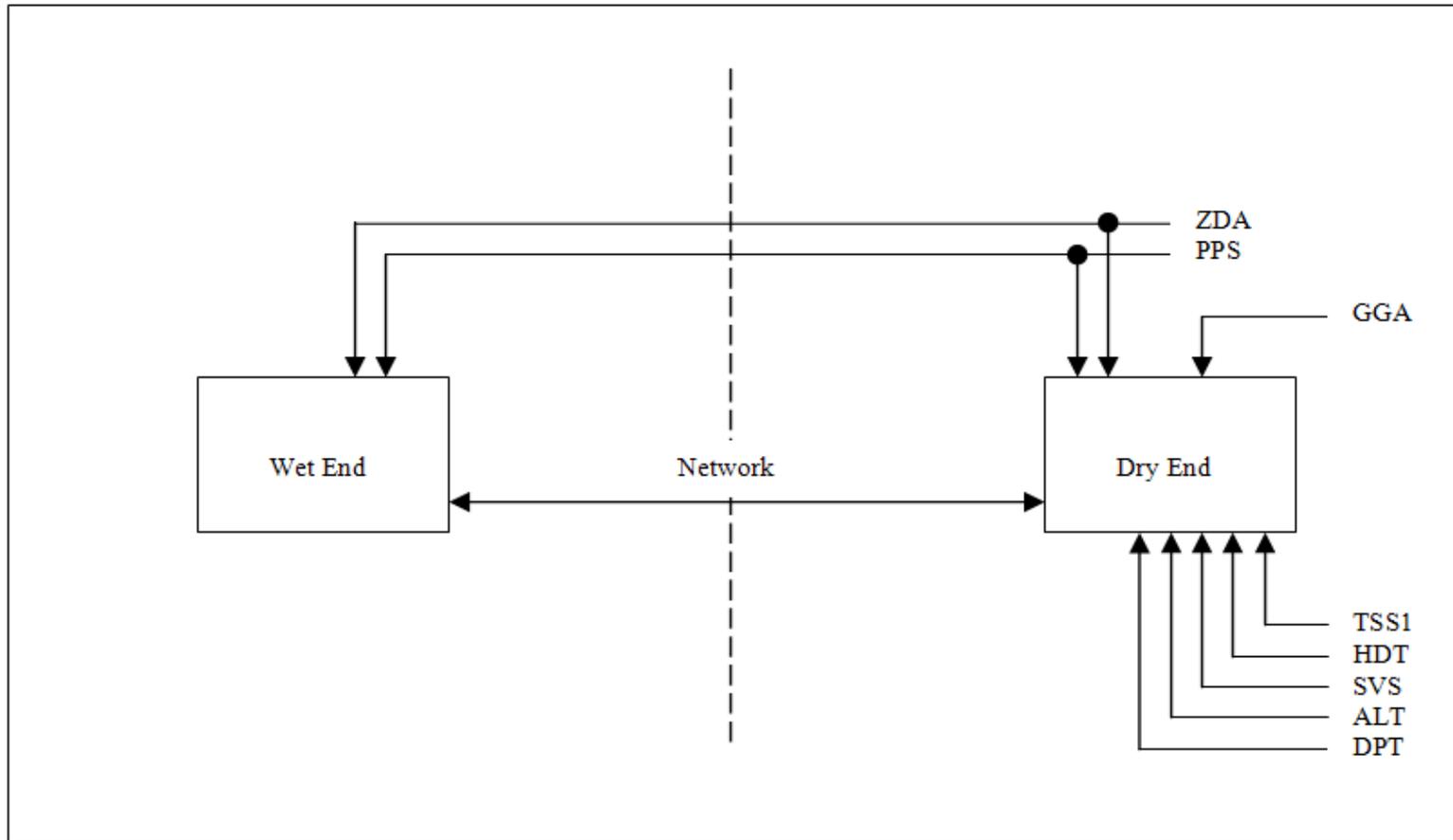
# ROV data connection options

2. Standard GeoSwath peripherals connected at wet end, pressure depth supplied at top end with navigation, wet and dry ends time synchronized using PPS/ZDA.



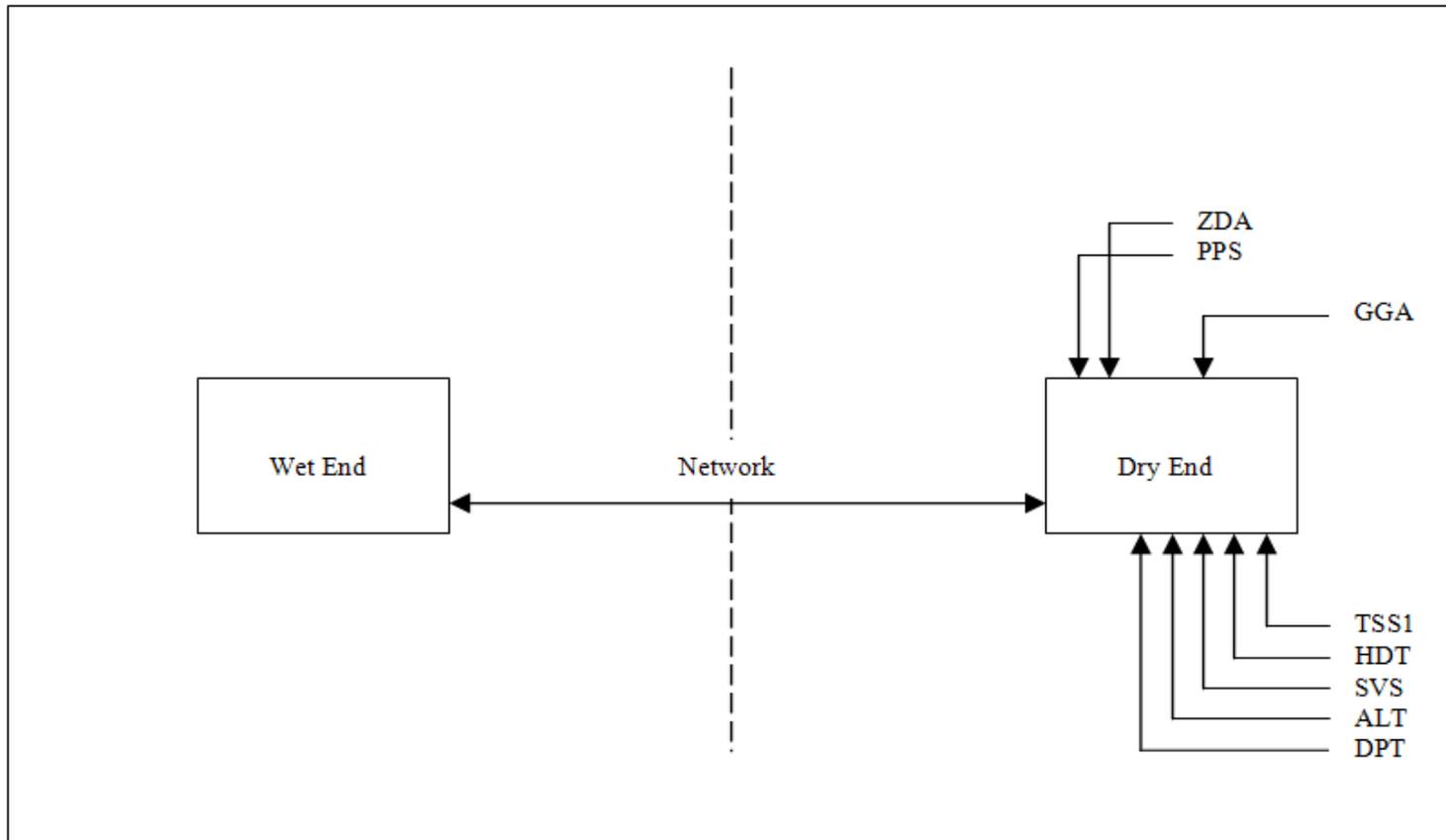
# ROV data connection options

3. All peripheral data connected at dry end, wet and dry ends time synchronized using PPS/ZDA.



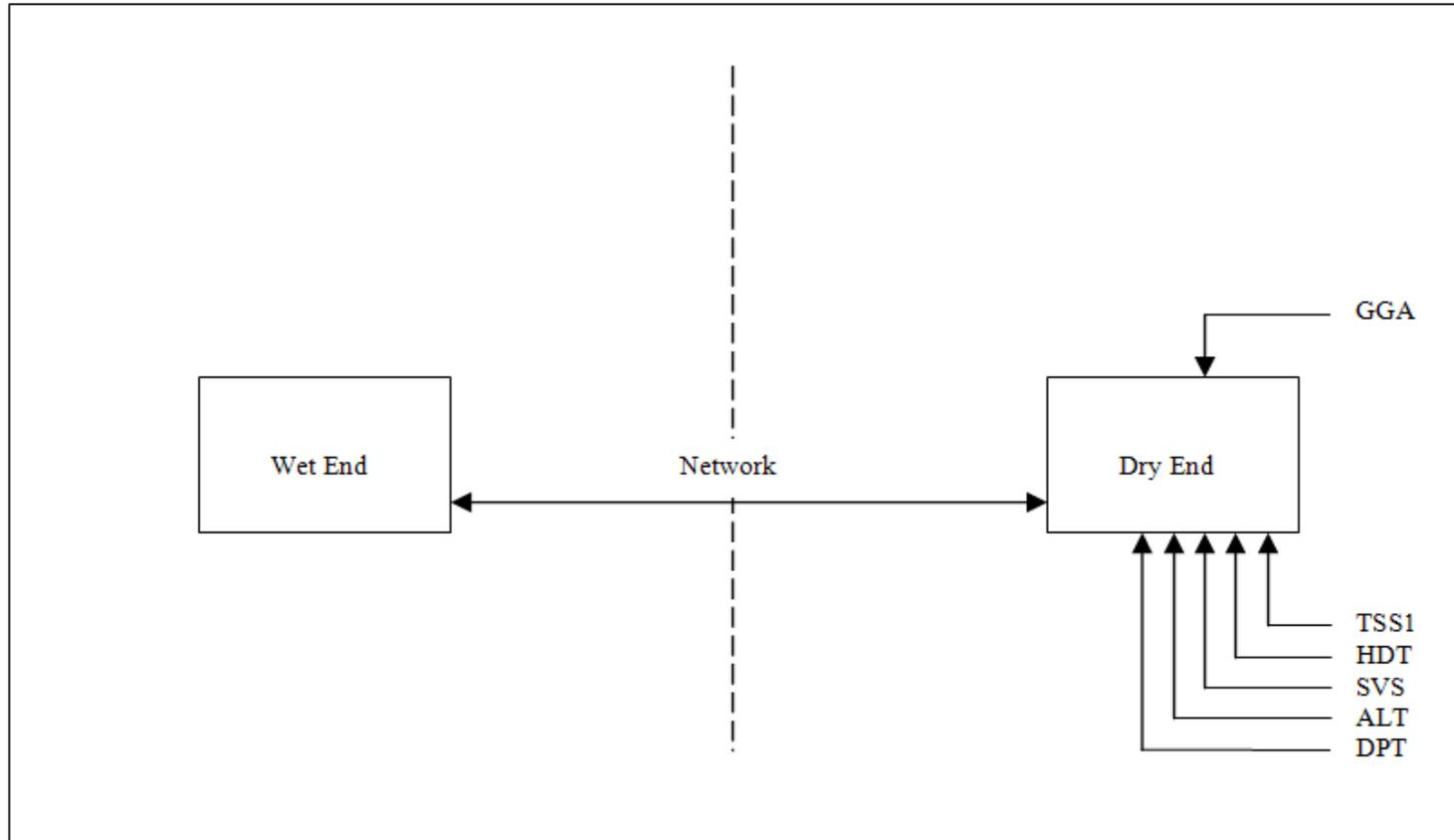
# ROV data connection options

4. All peripheral data connected at dry end, dry end time synchronized using PPS/ZDA, interl dry to wet end synchronization.



# ROV data connection options

5. All peripheral data connected at dry end, internal dry to wet end time synchronization only.



# GeoSwath Plus on Minerva ROV

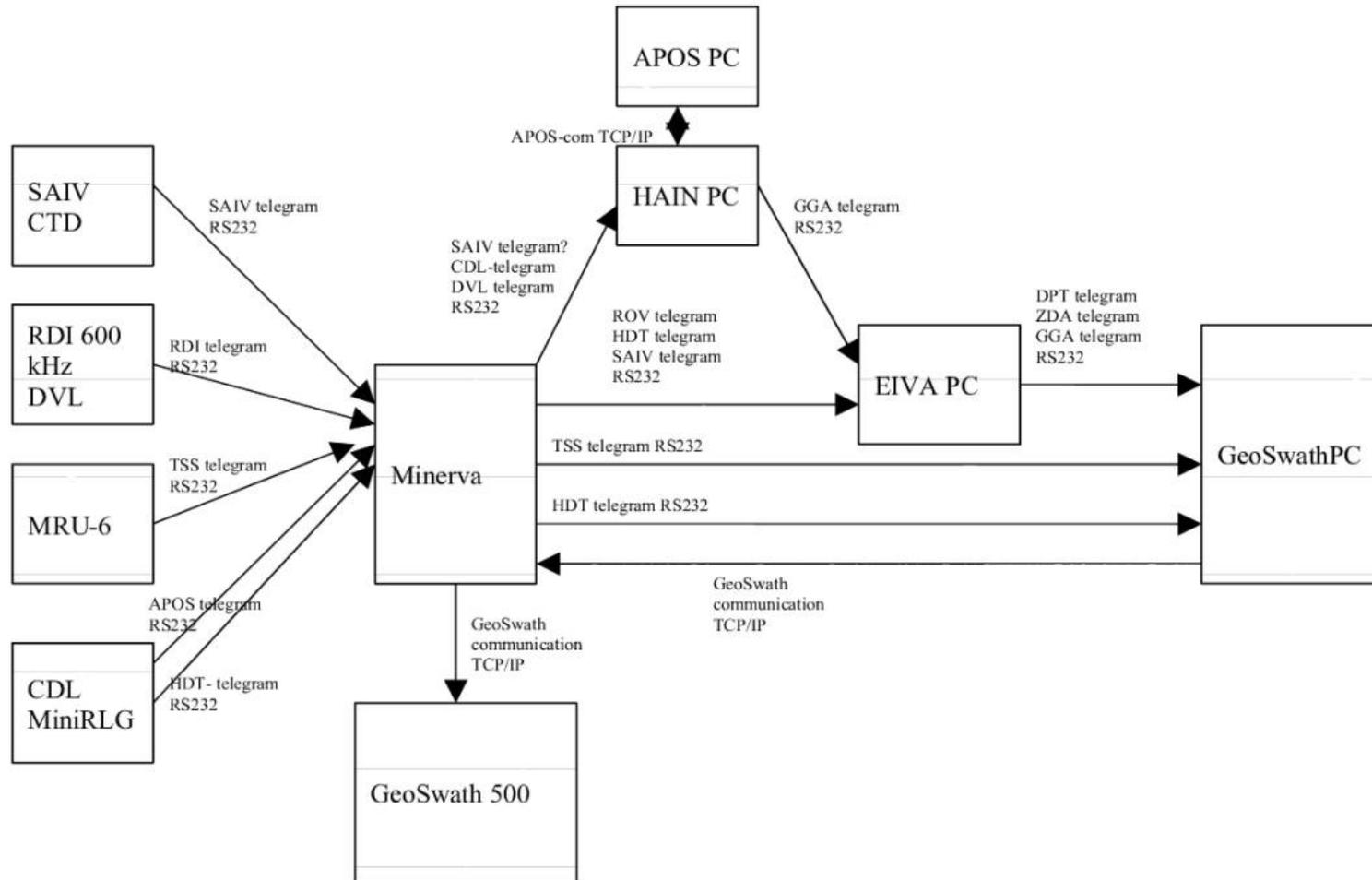


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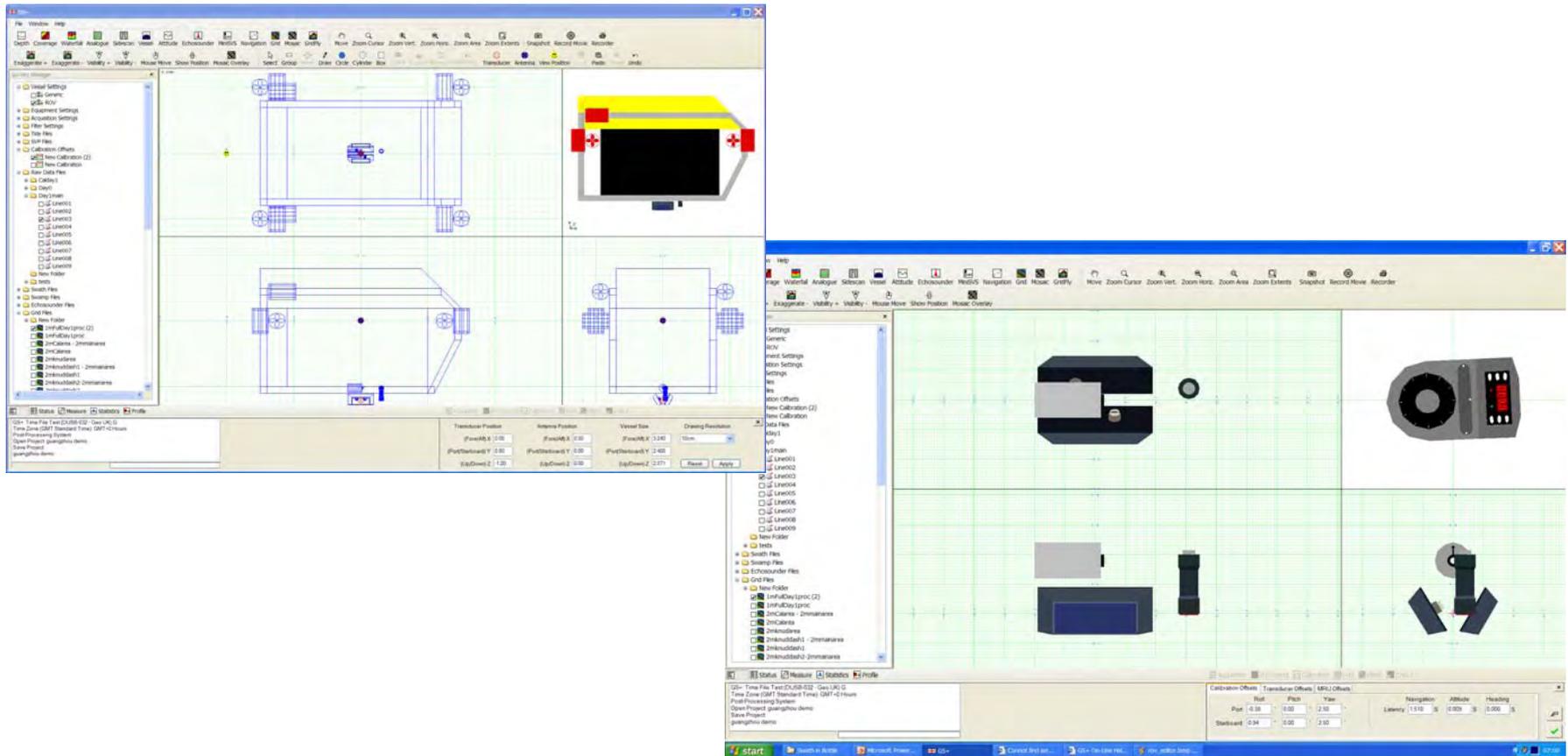


# GeoSwath Plus on Minerva ROV

## Data flows



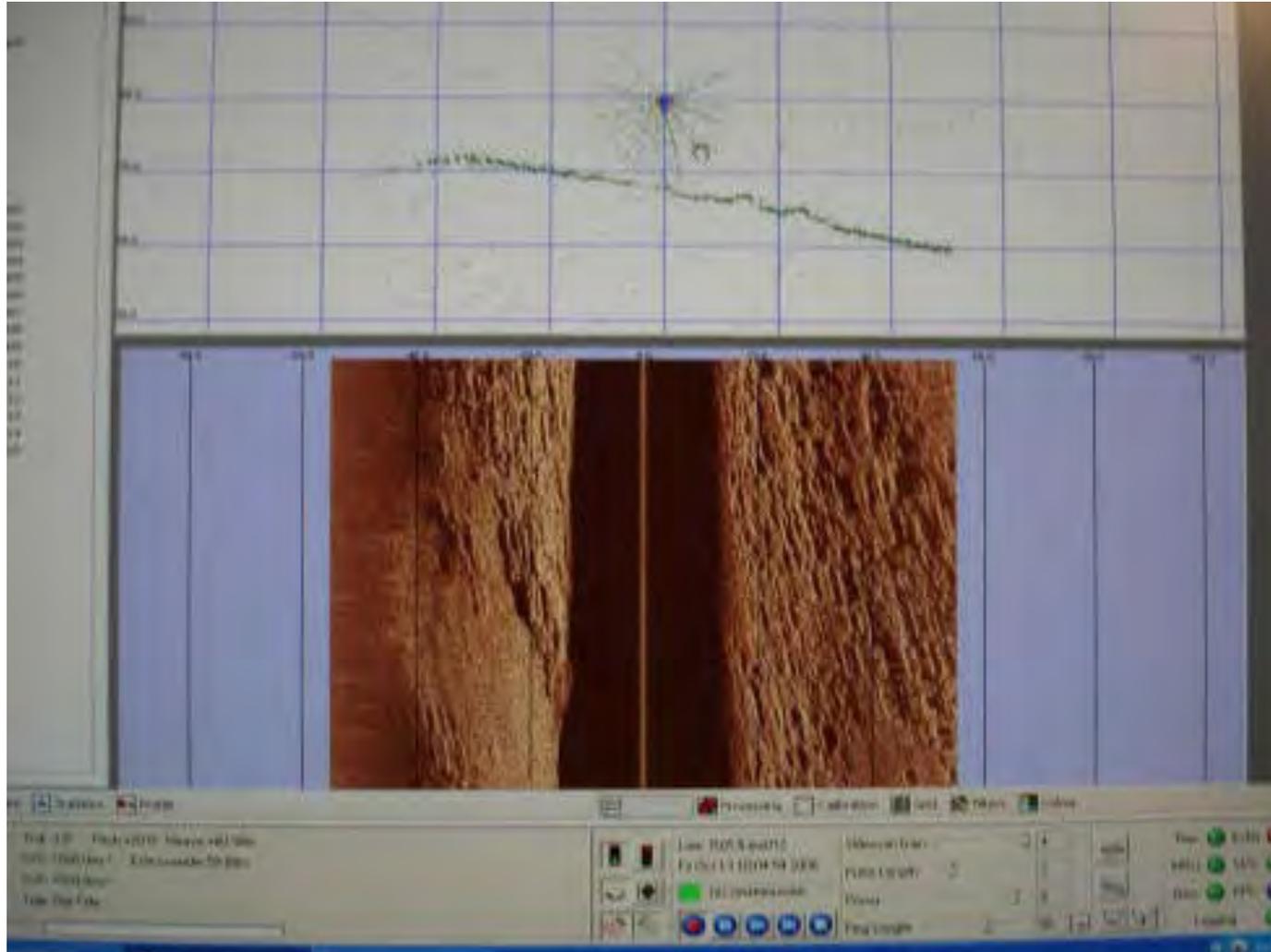
# GeoSwath ROV/AUV software



# GeoSwath Plus on ROV



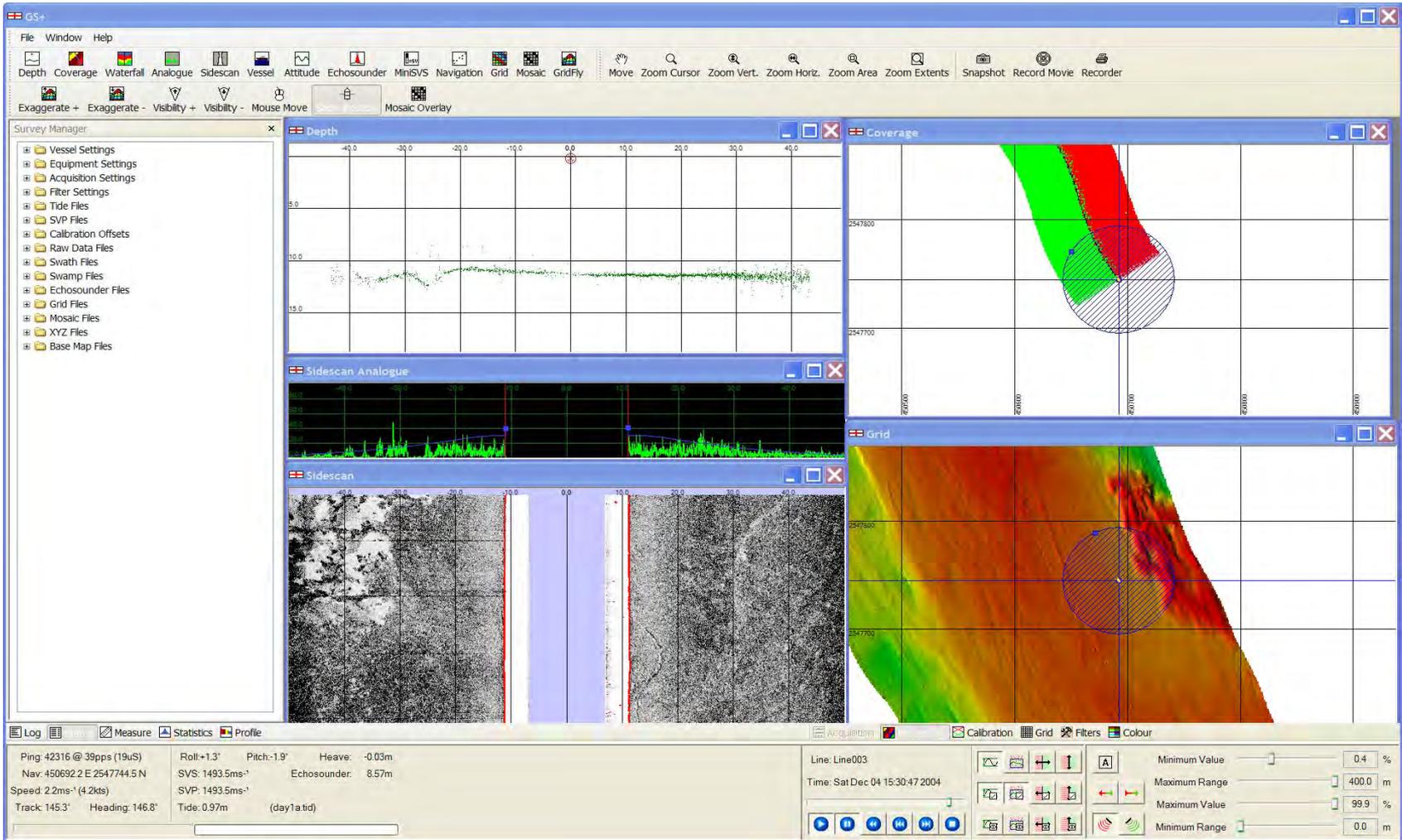
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# Operator's Screen



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# Customisable Layout and Views

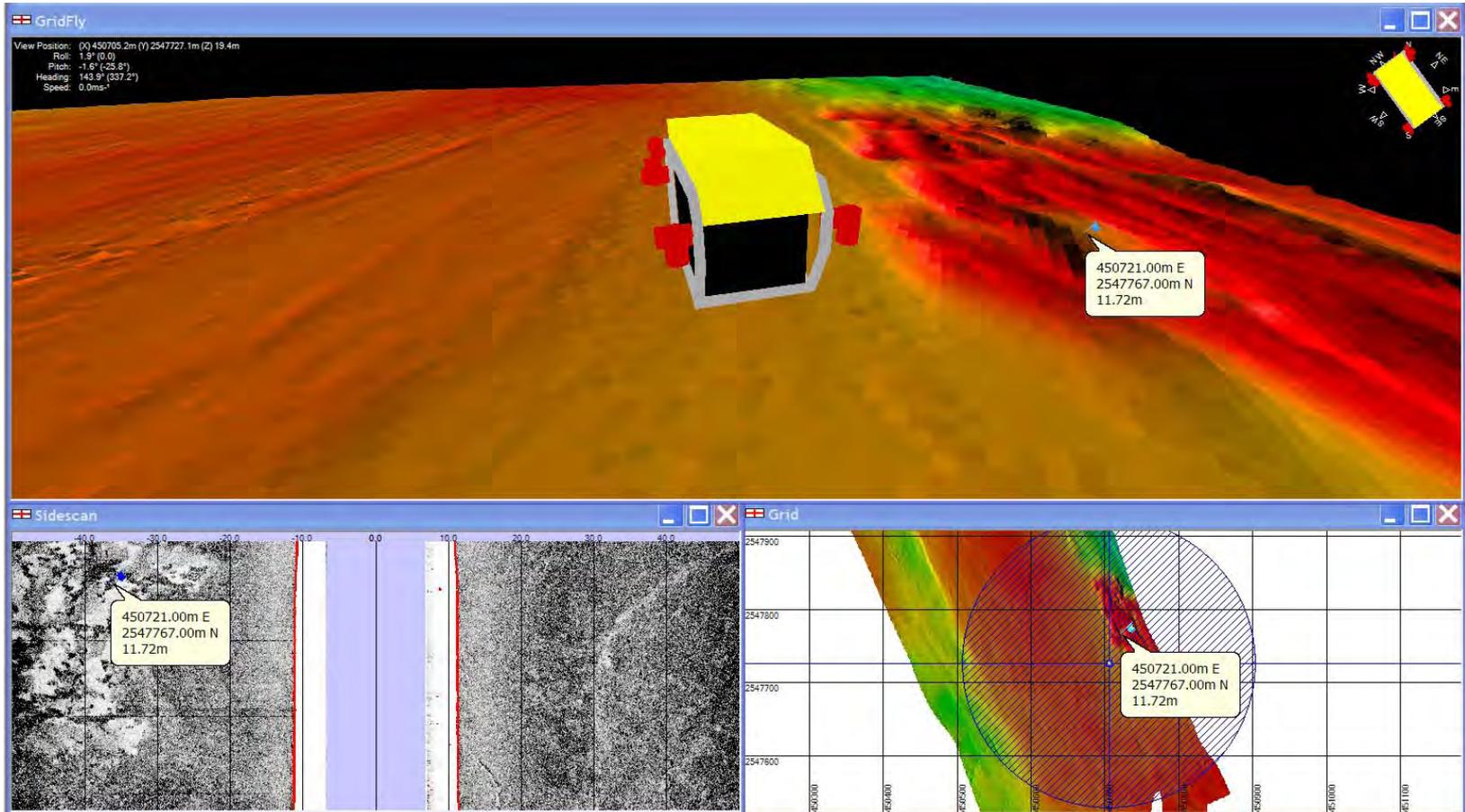


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The screenshot displays the Kongsberg software interface with the following components:

- Survey Manager:** A tree view on the left containing folders for Vessel Settings, Equipment Settings, Acquisition Settings, Filter Settings, Tide Files, SVP Files, Calibration Offsets, Raw Data Files, Swath Files, Echosounder Files, Grid Files, Mosaic Files, XYZ Files, and Base Map Files.
- GridFly View:** A large 3D perspective view of a bathymetric grid. A yellow vessel icon is positioned at the top center, with a fan-shaped area representing the sonar's coverage. The grid is color-coded by depth, with red representing shallower areas and blue representing deeper areas.
- Grid View:** A 2D top-down view of the grid, showing a grid of cells and a circular area of interest.
- Sidescan View:** A side-by-side view of sidescan sonar data, showing two grayscale images of the seabed.
- View Position:** A text box in the top right of the GridFly view showing: View Position: (X) 450700.8m (Y) 2547732.6m (Z) 19.4m; Roll: 2.2° (0.0°); Pitch: -1.2° (31.2°); Heading: 144.8° (330.0°); Speed: 2.3ms<sup>-1</sup>.
- Status Bar:** Located at the bottom, it contains:
  - Left side: Log, Measure, Statistics, Profile. Data: Ping: 42376 @ 9pps (19uS); Nav: 450701.1 E 2547732.2 N; Speed: 2.3ms<sup>-1</sup> (4.4kts); Track: 143.5°; Heading: 144.7°; Tide: 0.97m (day1a.tid); Roll: +2.2°; Pitch: -1.6°; Heave: +0.01m; SVS: 1493.5ms<sup>-1</sup>; Echosounder: 9.42m; SVP: 1493.5ms<sup>-1</sup>.
  - Right side: Acquisition, Calibration, Grid, Filters, Colour. Line: Line003; Time: Sat Dec 04 15:30:53 2004. Controls for Minimum Value (0.4%), Maximum Range (400.0 m), Maximum Value (99.9%), and Minimum Range (0.0 m).

# ROV: Ability to Flag and Store Targets in Vehicle Context in Real Time





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# GeoSwath Plus ROV

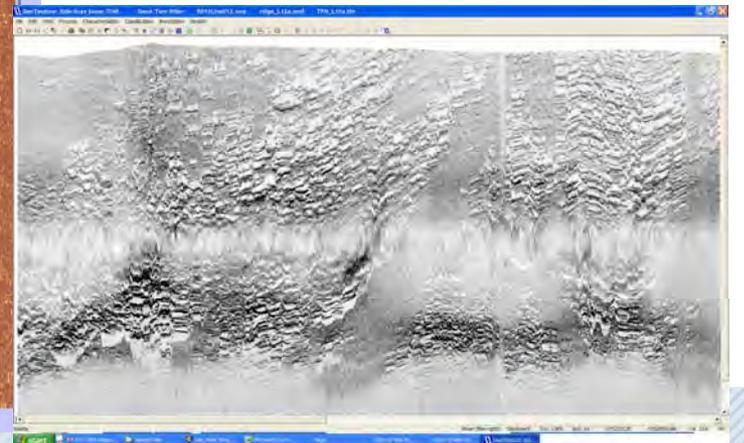
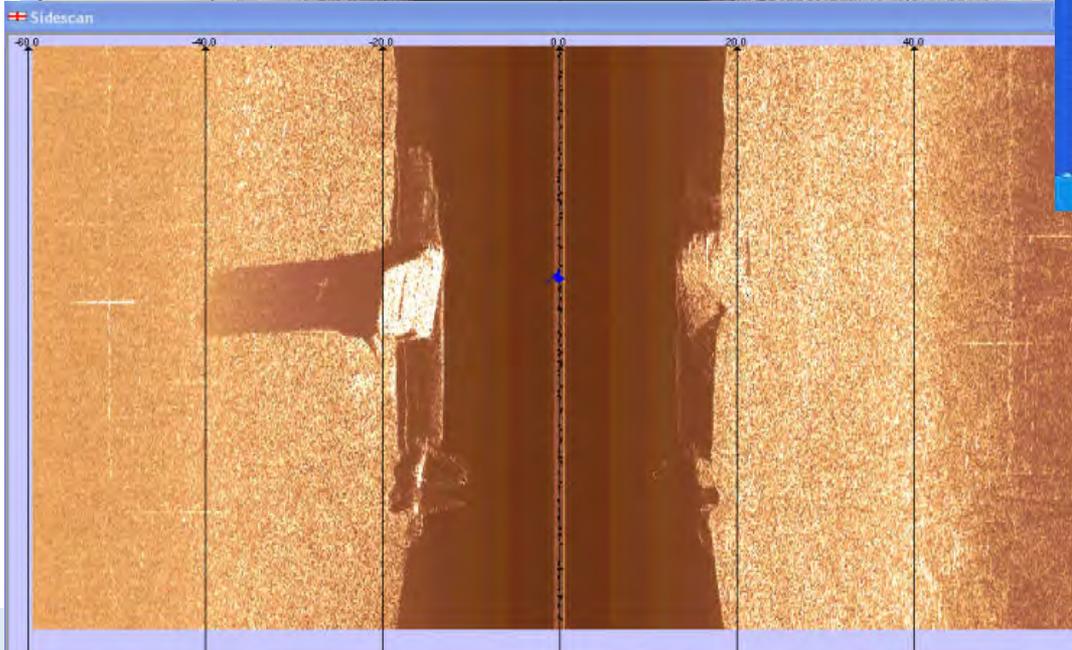
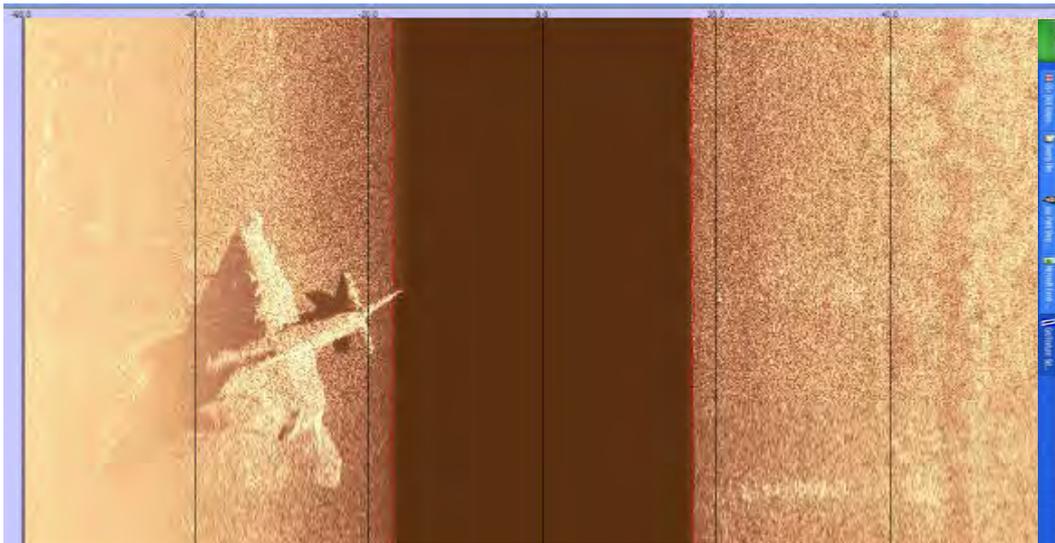
data examples

- Minerva ROV operated by NGU
- Oslo Fjord
- Cold water coral reef of Norway

# Side scan Data Examples

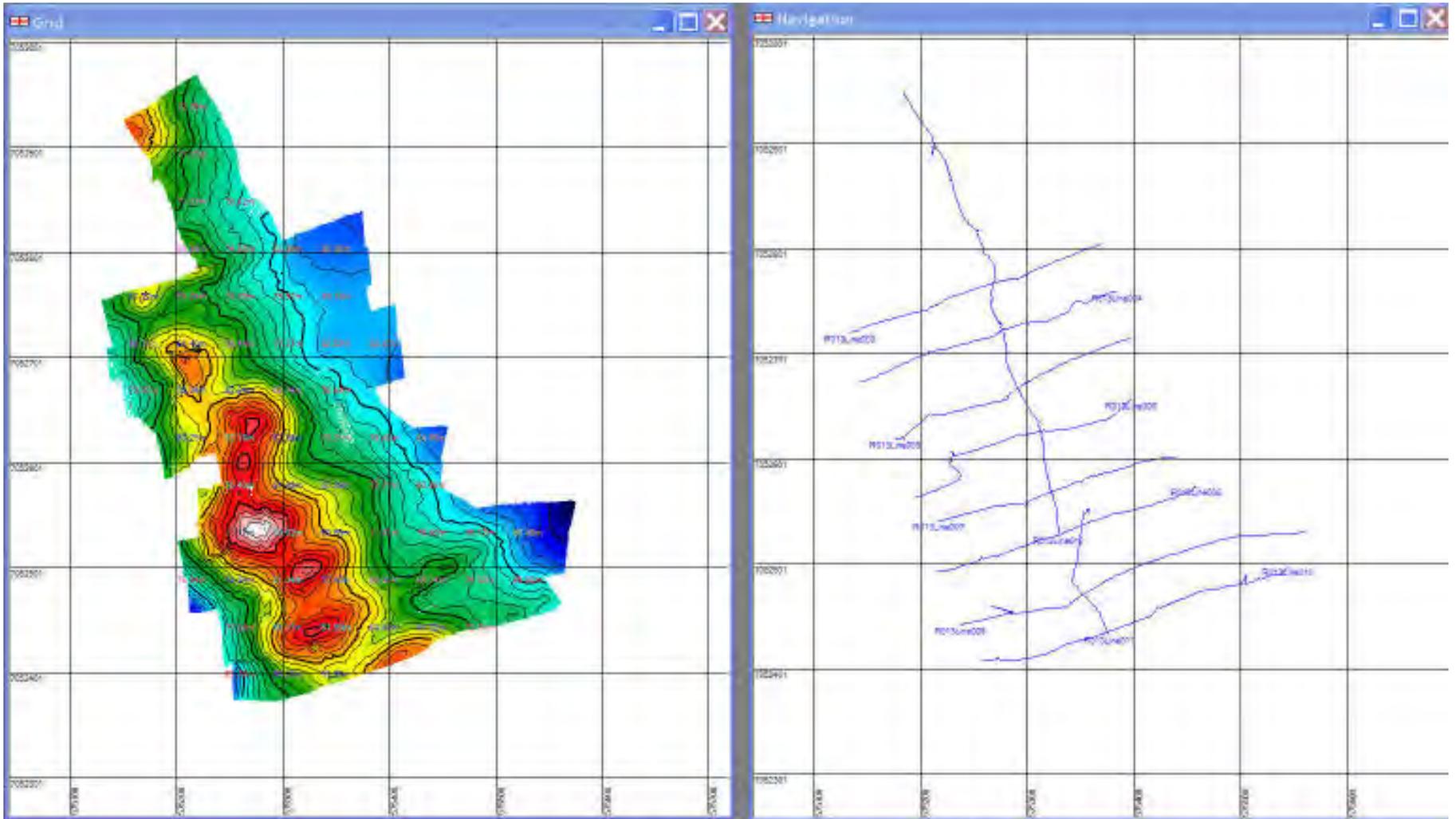


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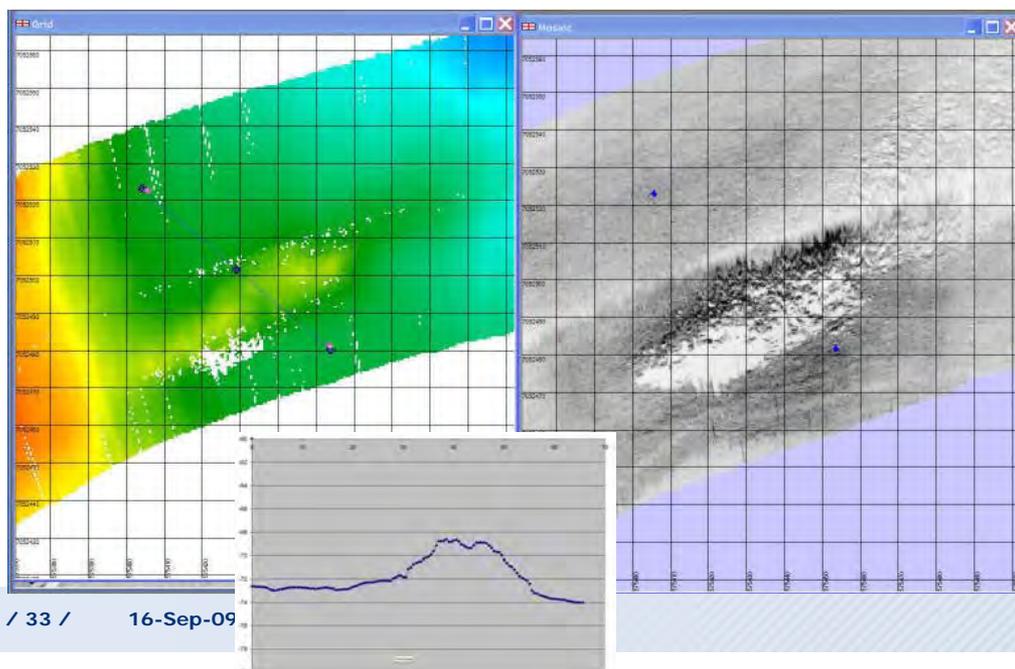
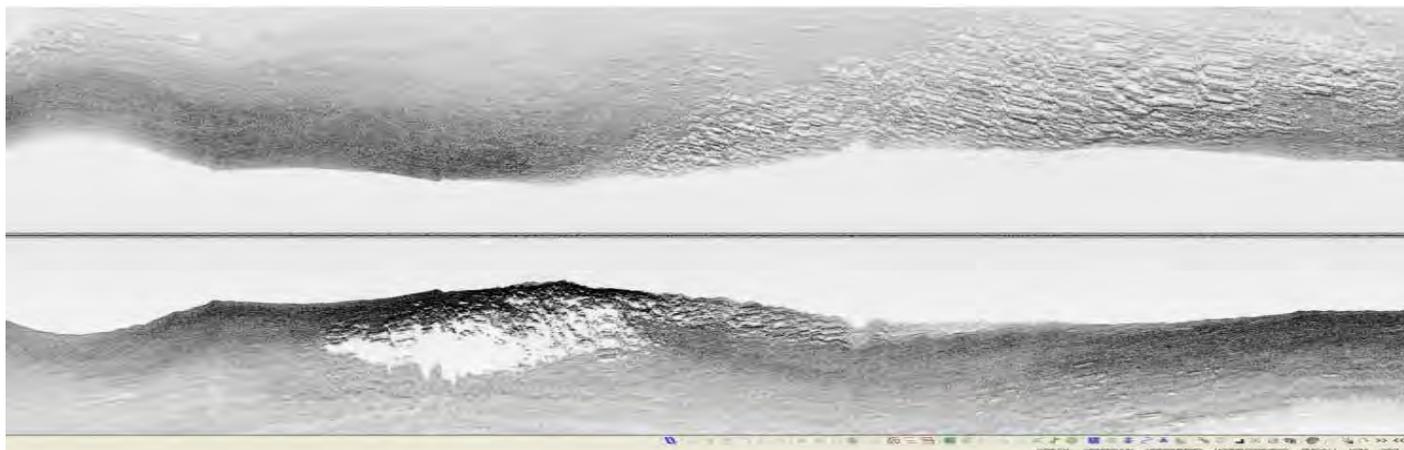
# ROV Survey Data Bathymetry: Subsea ridge



# Sidescan and bathymetry for on-line object investigation



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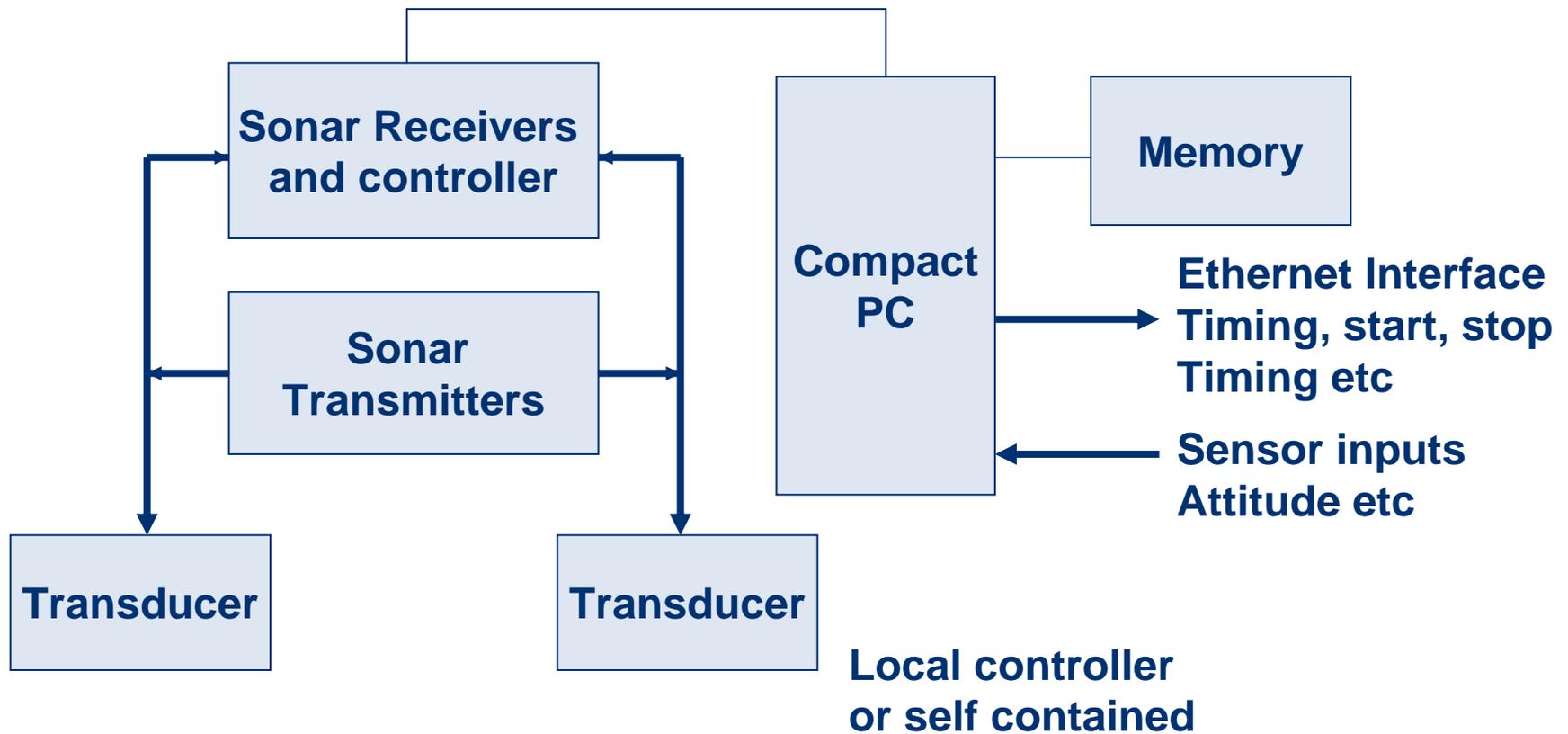


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# GeoSwath Plus AUV

## Technology

## Generic AUV application using Standard GeoSwath Electronics Modules



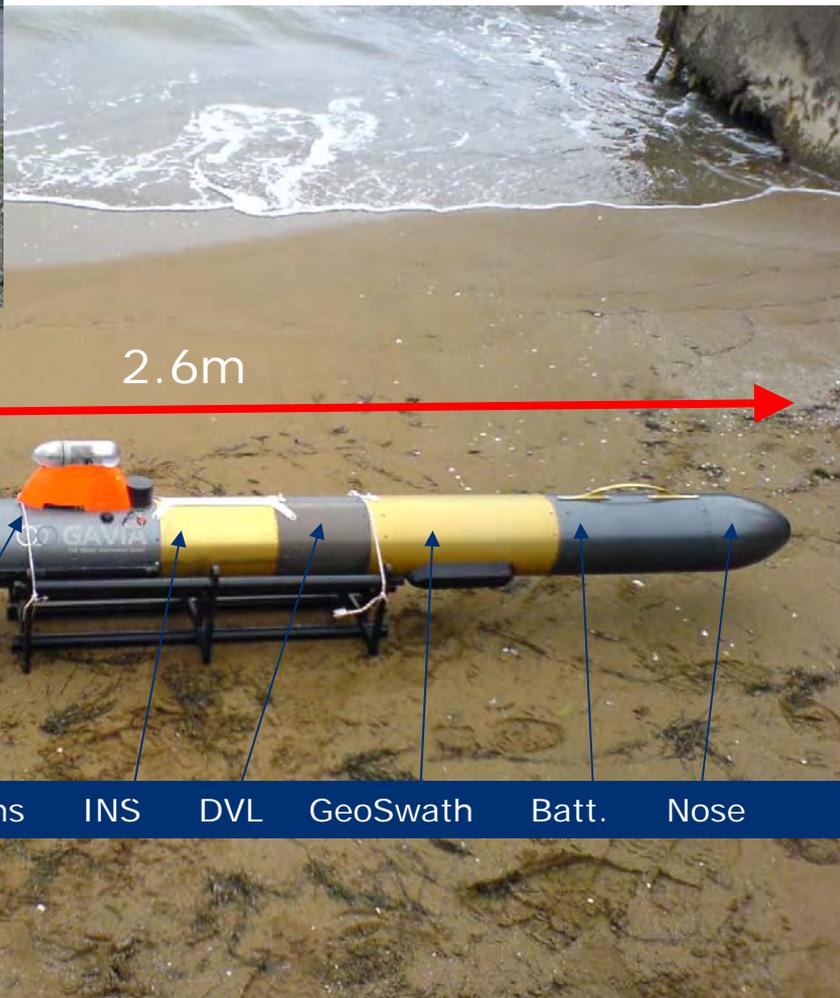


# GeoSwath Plus AUV Communications

- Standard Ethernet
- Controlled by pre-set parameters or by broadcast command messages on Ethernet from the AUV control system.
- During operation can provide QA/QC messages to the AUV control software, enabling monitoring of sonar operation.
- All sonar and available ancillary data is logged on hard disk and stored in GeoSwath raw data format (.rdf) files.
- can be powered down by network remote command allowing the tools kit to be turned off to conserve power during transit.



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Propulsion   Control & Comms   INS   DVL   GeoSwath   Batt.   Nose

# GeoSwath Plus on the Gavia AUV



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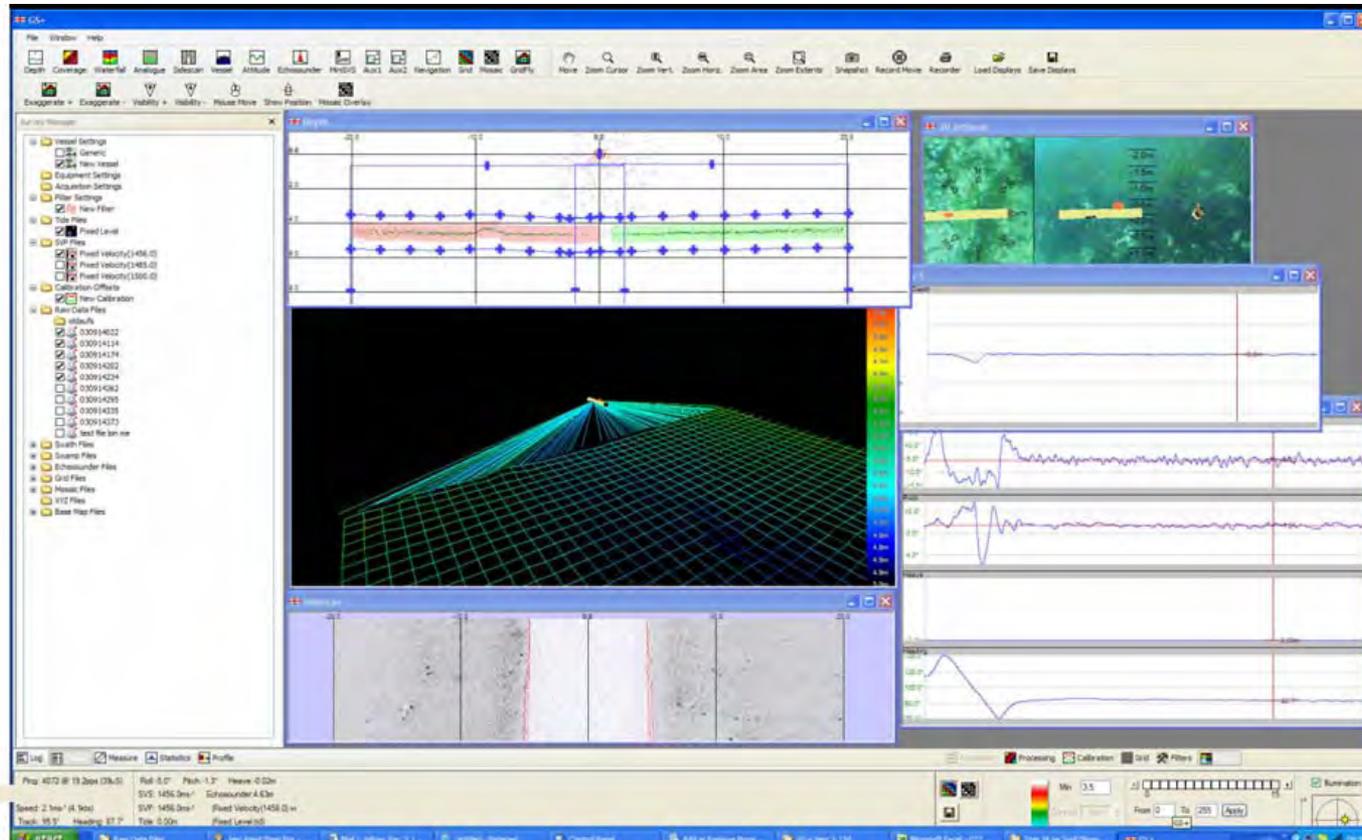
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# GeoSwath Plus AUV

data examples

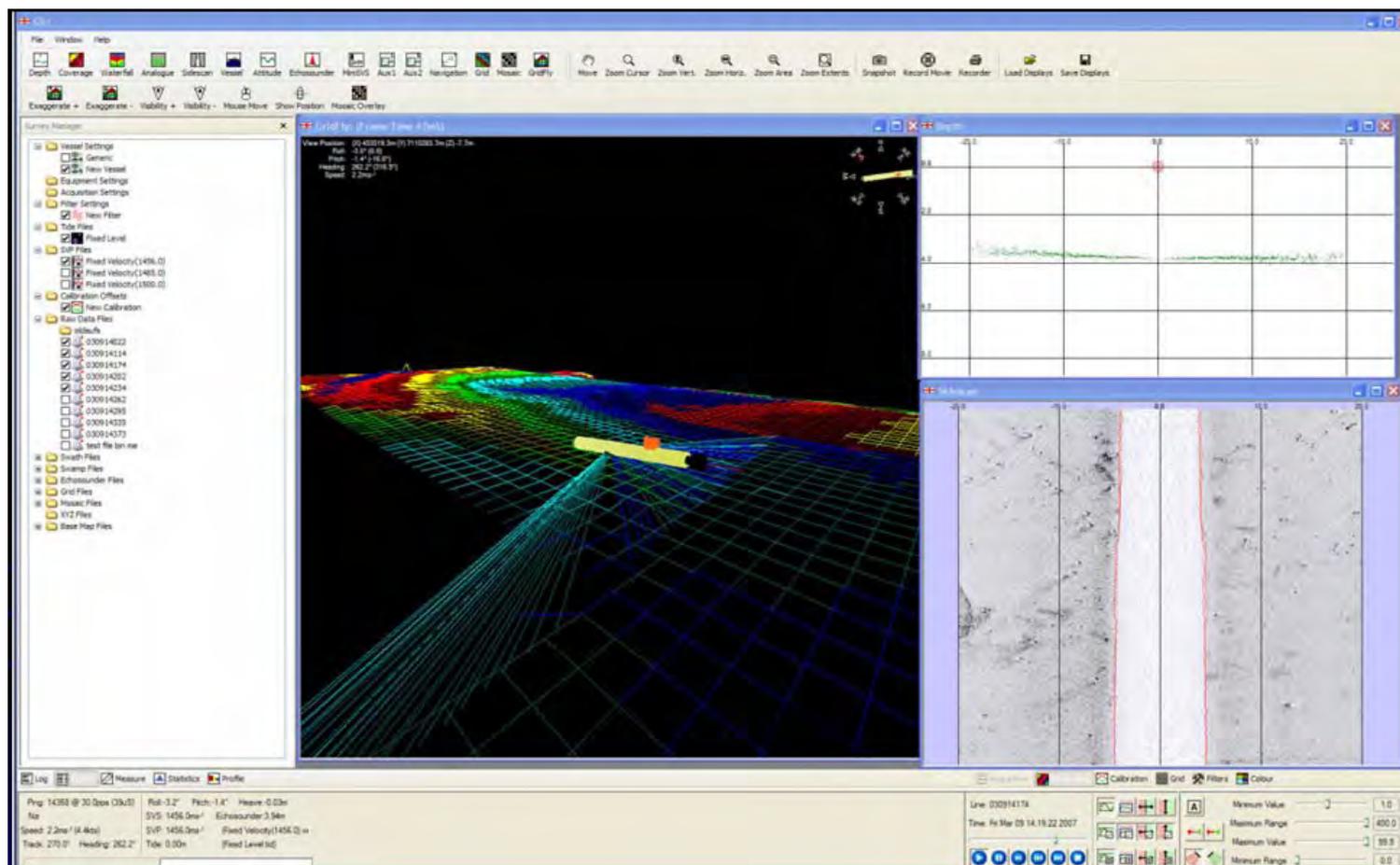


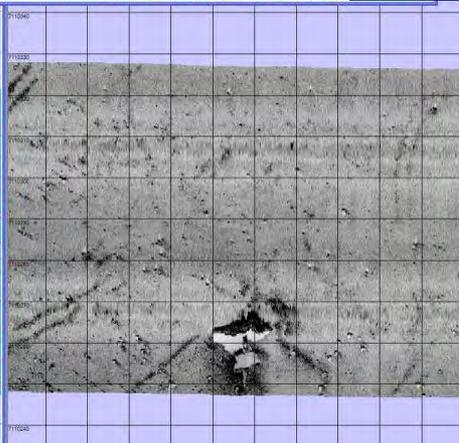
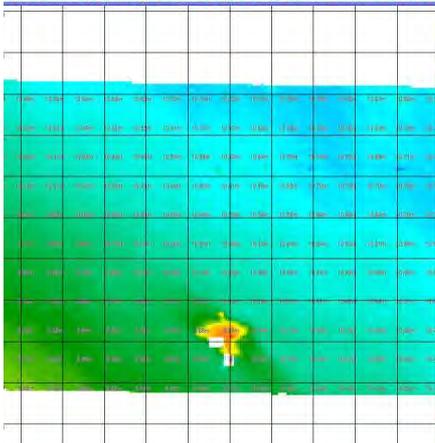
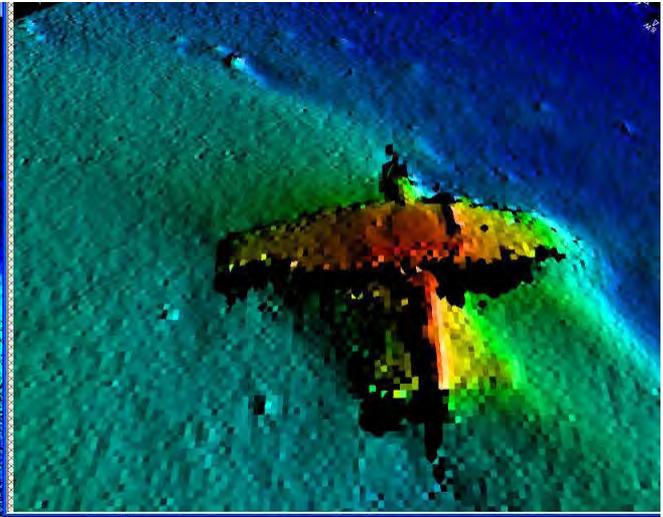
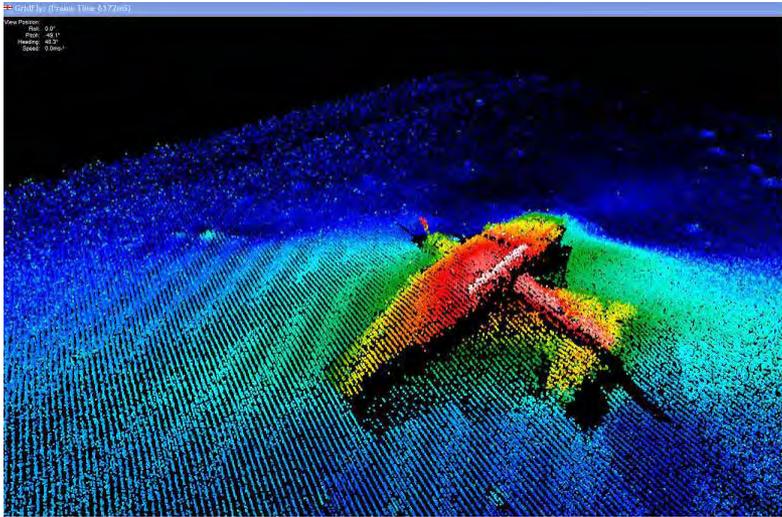
# GeoSwath Plus on Gavia AUV Iceland





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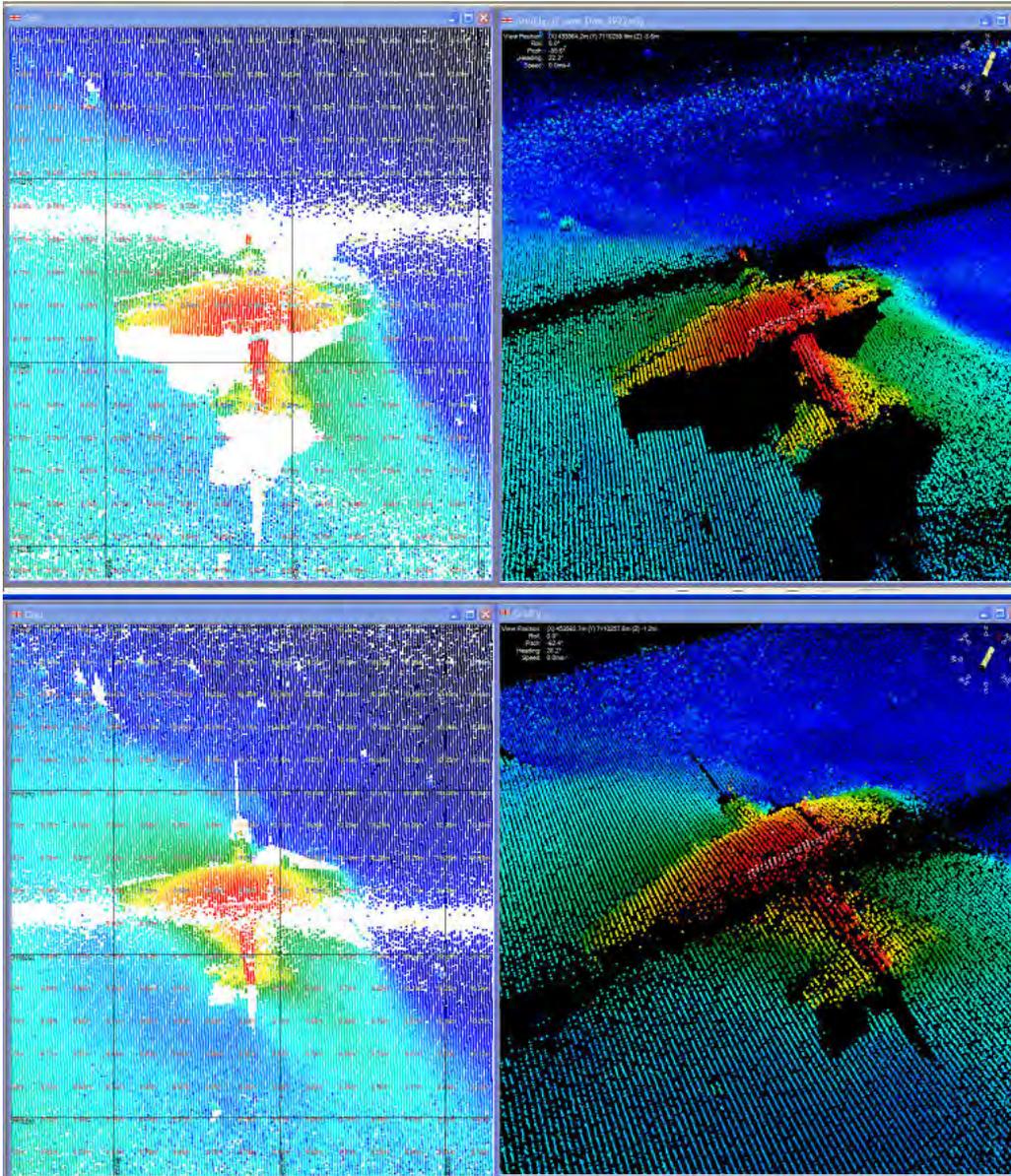
Northrop N-3PB  
In flight over Lake Elsinore, CA during flight test program  
(WMAF Archive - Northrop Photo)

**Northrop N-3PB Specifications**

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Manufacturer</b>   | Northrop Aircraft, Inc., Hawthorne, California |
| <b>Number Built</b>   | 24   |
| <b>Wing Span</b>      | 48 feet, 11 inches                             |
| <b>Overall Length</b> | 38 feet  |
| <b>Overall Height</b> | 12 feet  |



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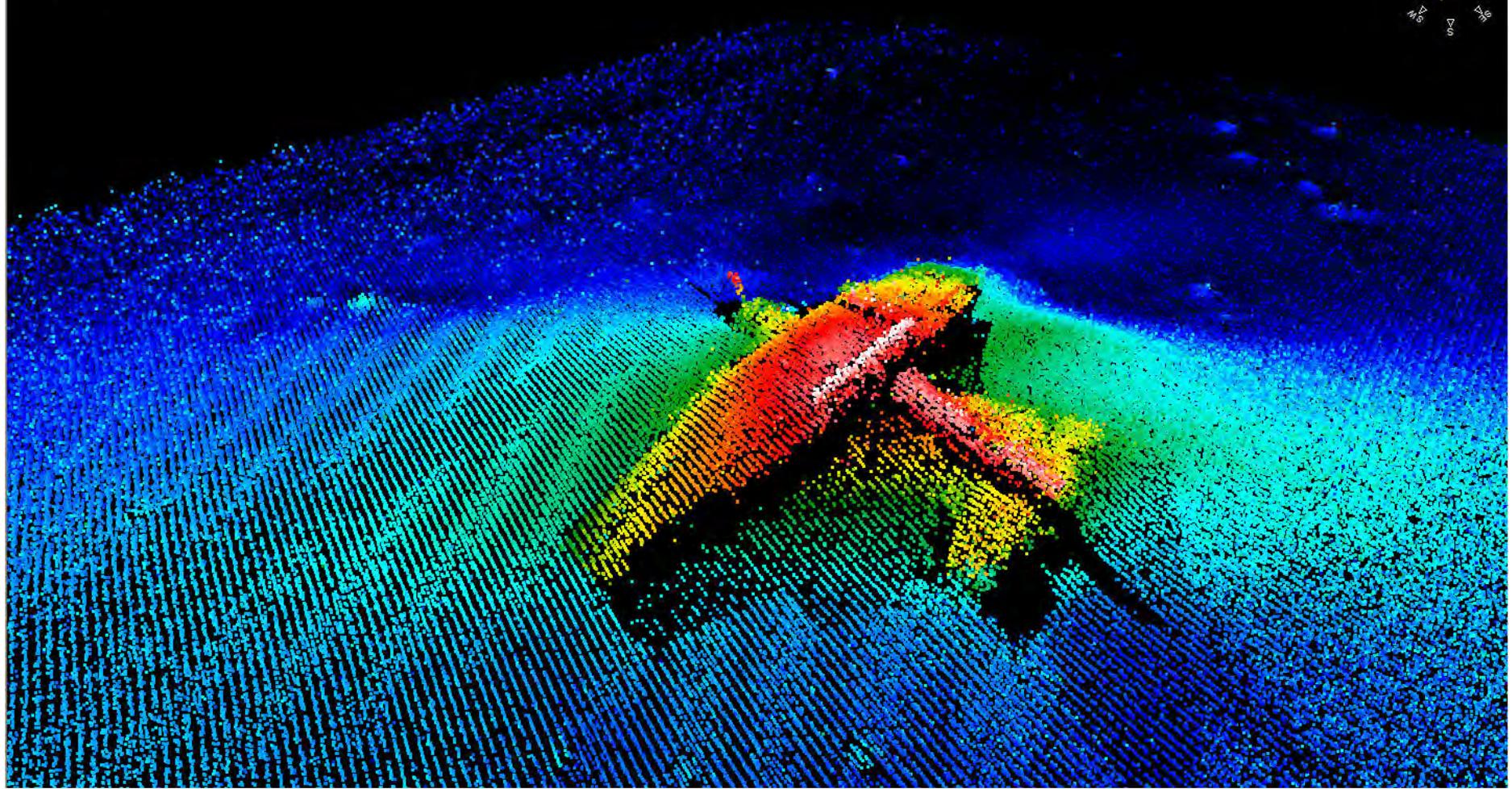




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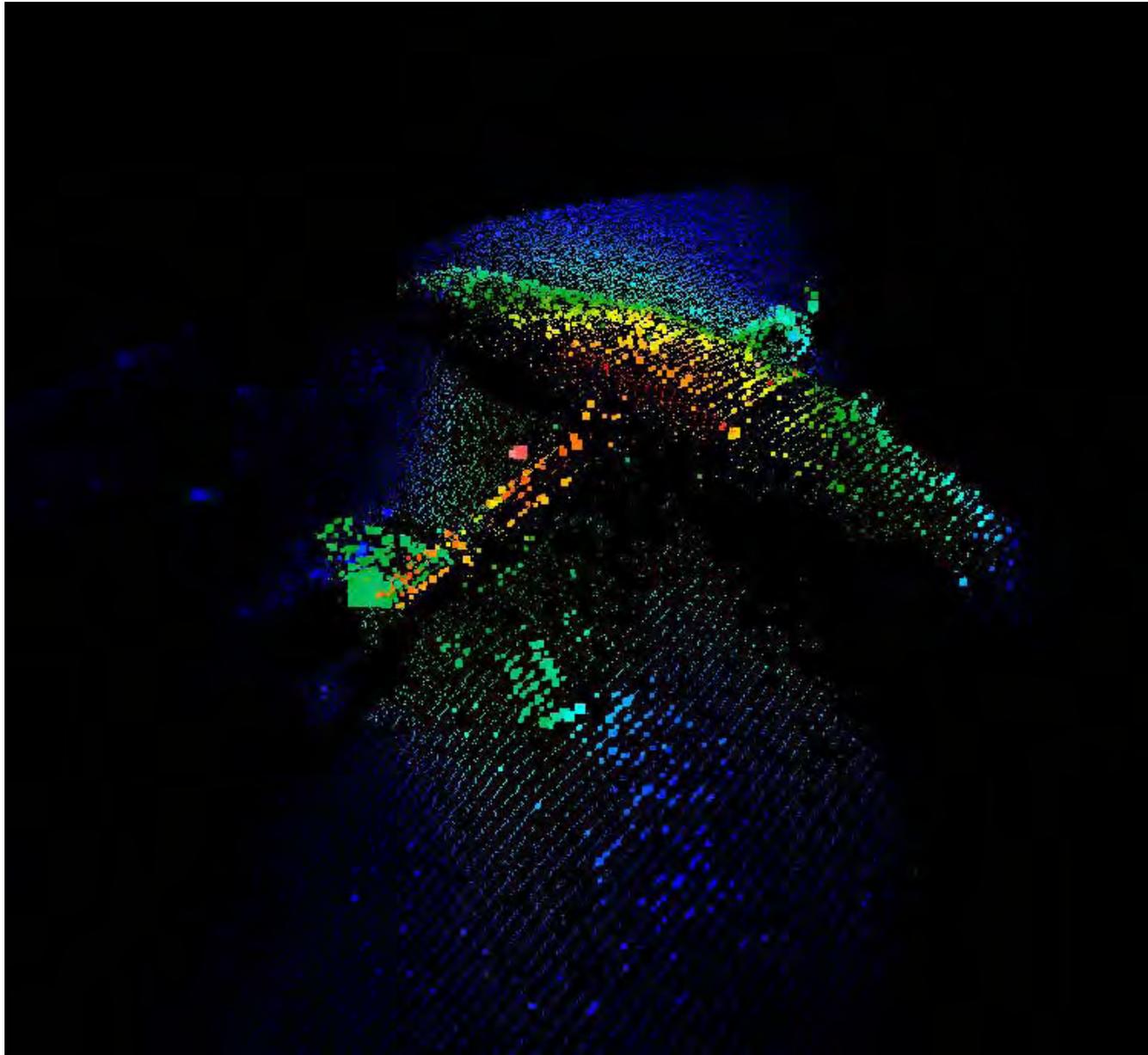
GridFly (Frame Time 6172m5)

View Position:  
Roll: 0.0°  
Pitch: 49.1°  
Heading: 40.3°  
Speed: 0.0ms<sup>-1</sup>





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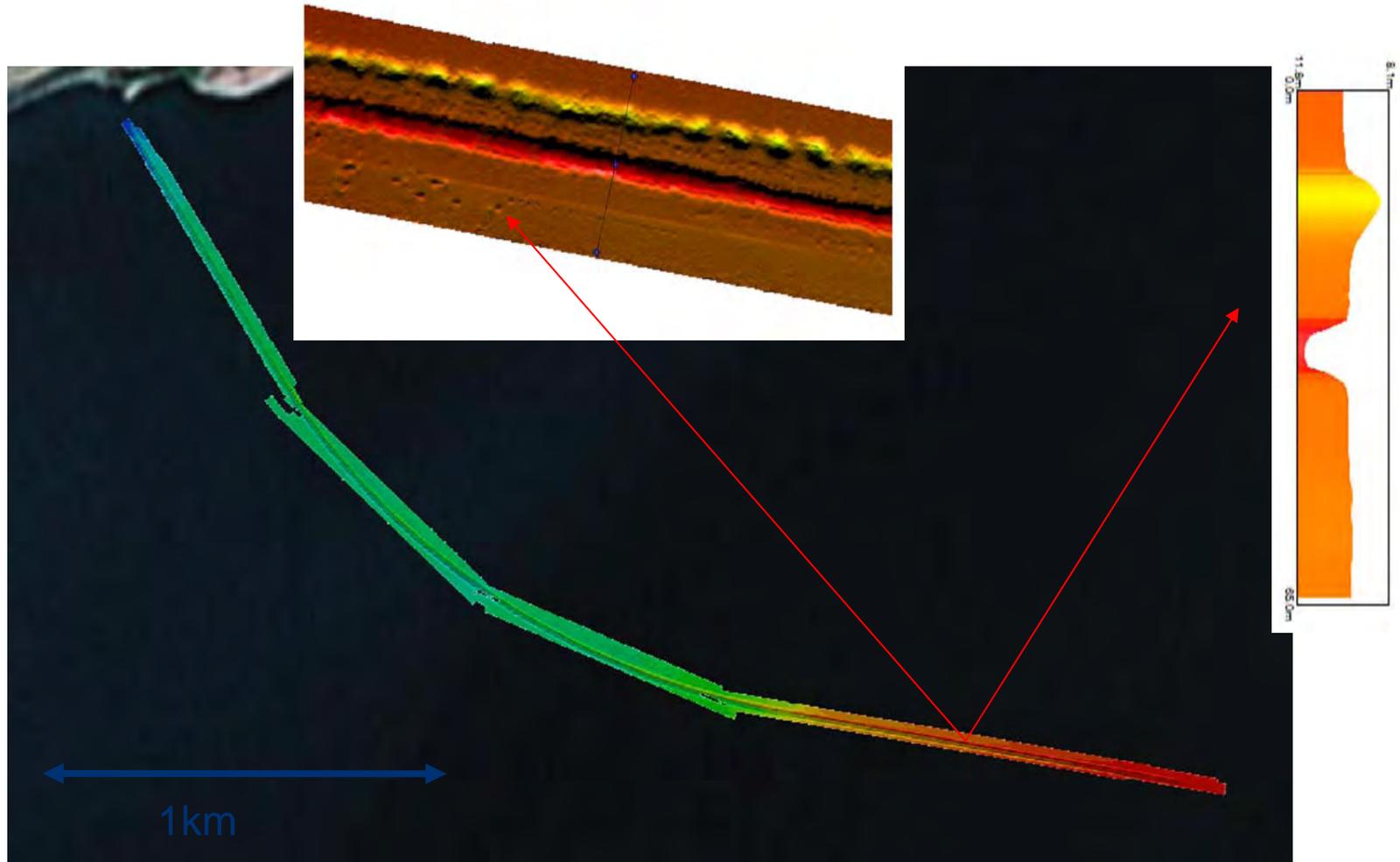


# GeoSwath Plus on Gavia AUV

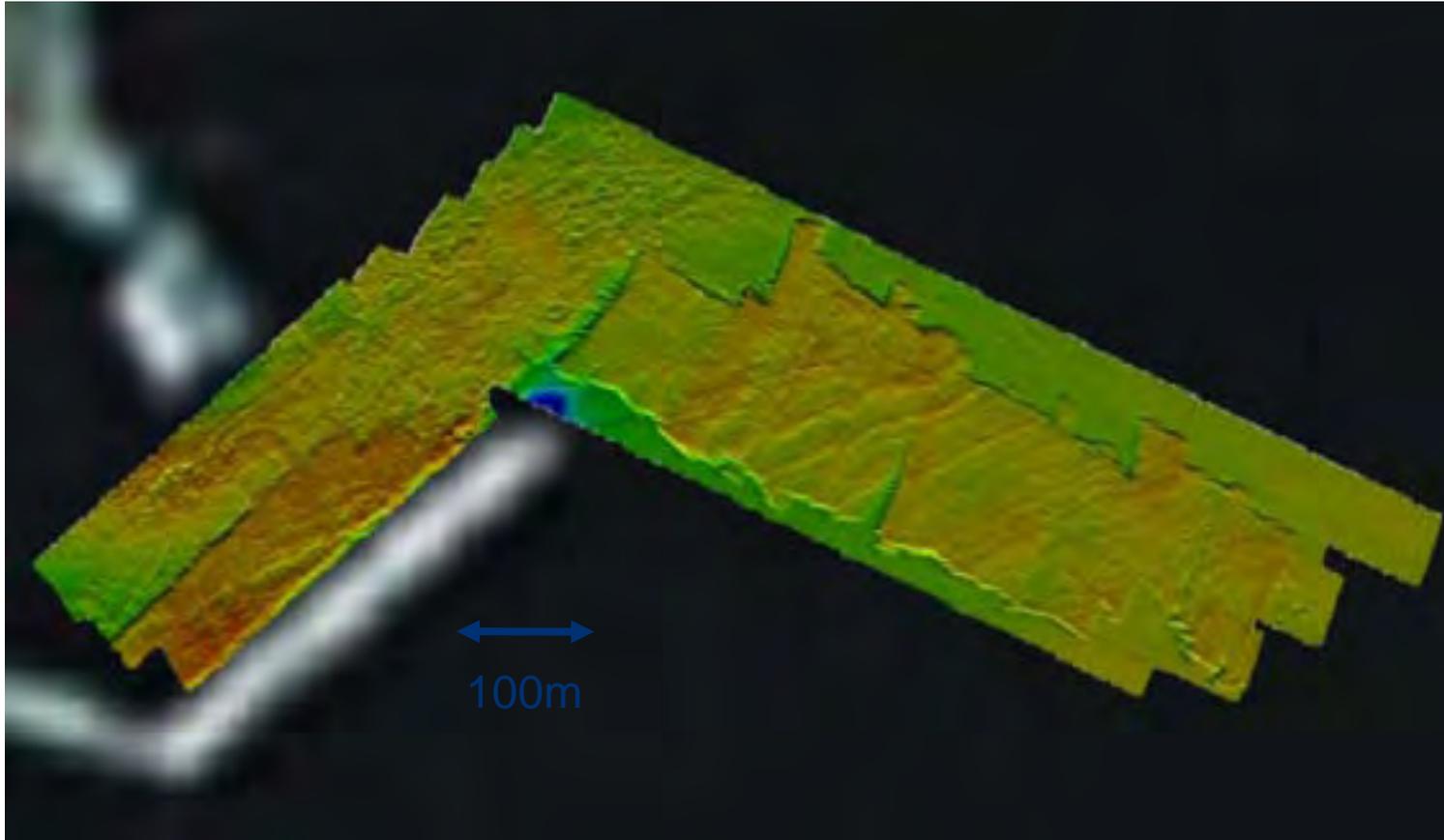
## A commercial deployment in the Caspian Sea

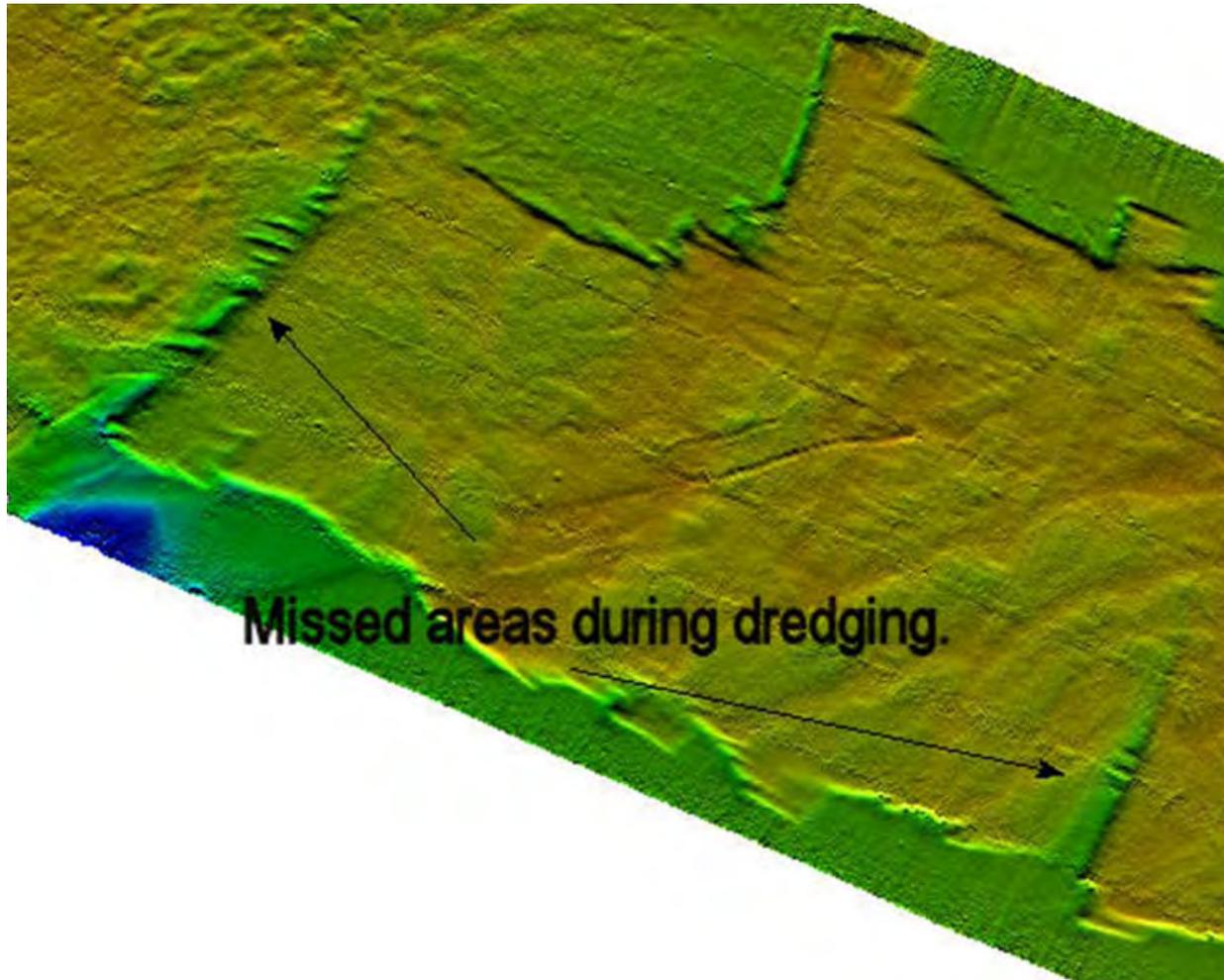


# Pre-lay pipe trench survey using AUV mounted GeoSwath



# Harbour post-dredge survey





Missed areas during dredging.

# GeoSwath Plus on Gavia AUV Under the Arctic Ice





# Location of Apls ice camp: 73° N, 146° W



# The Survey Area



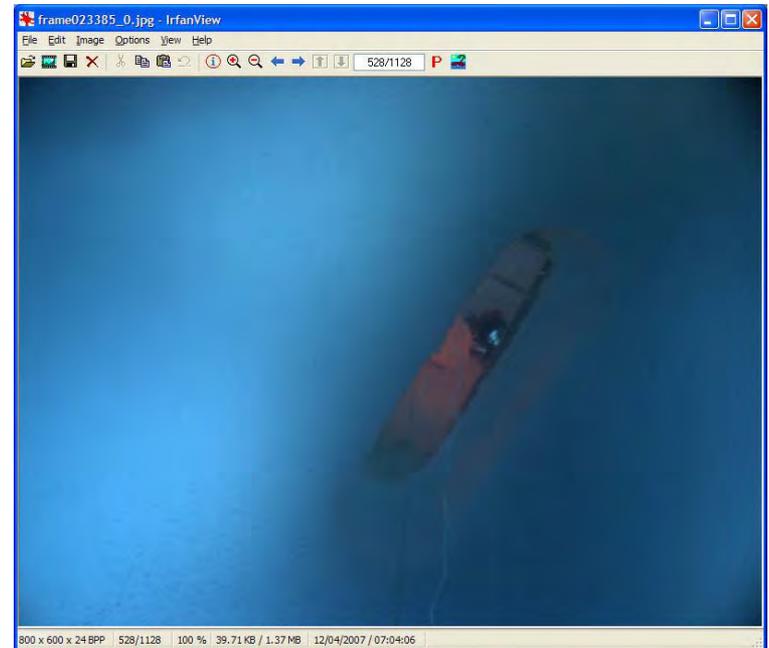
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# The Environmental Protection Officer



Launch Hole

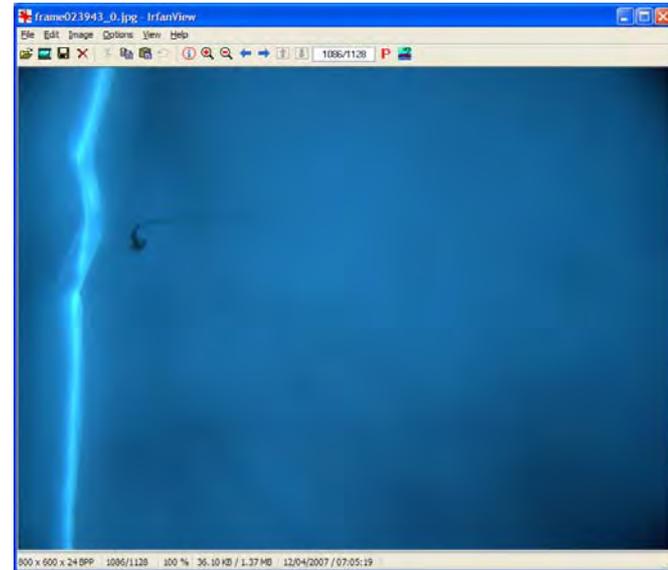
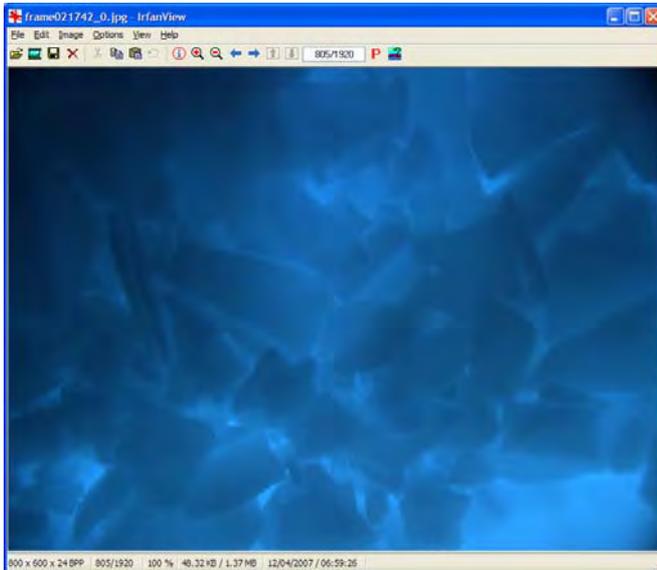
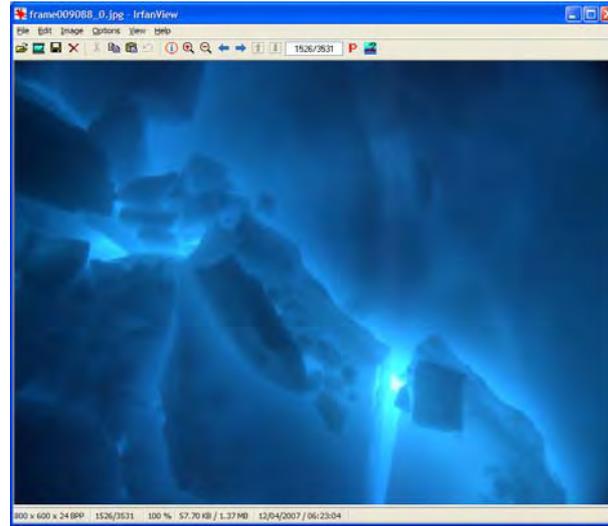
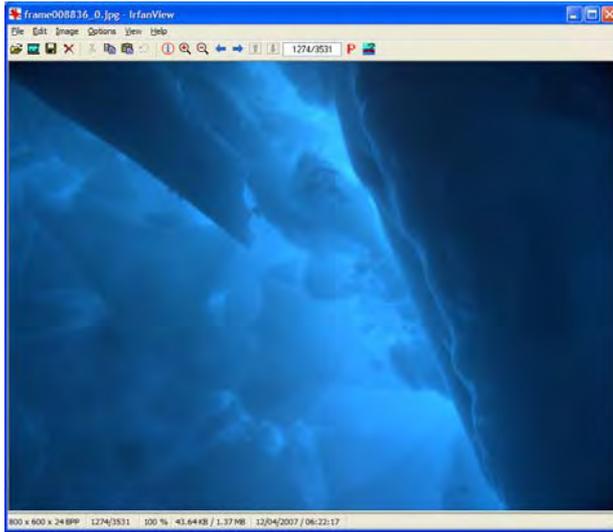
# Views from the AUV: Mission Start



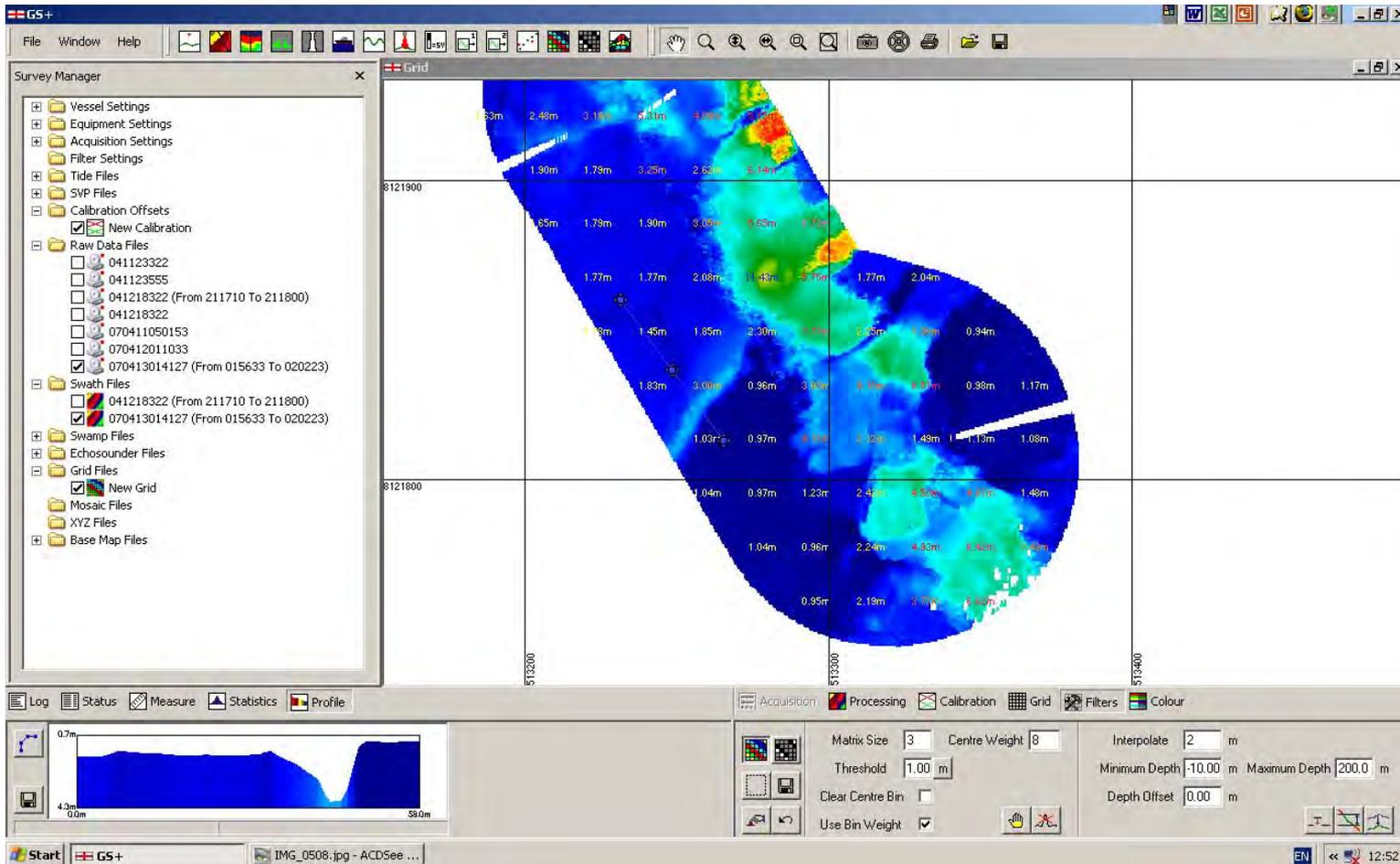
# Views from the AUV: Under the Ice



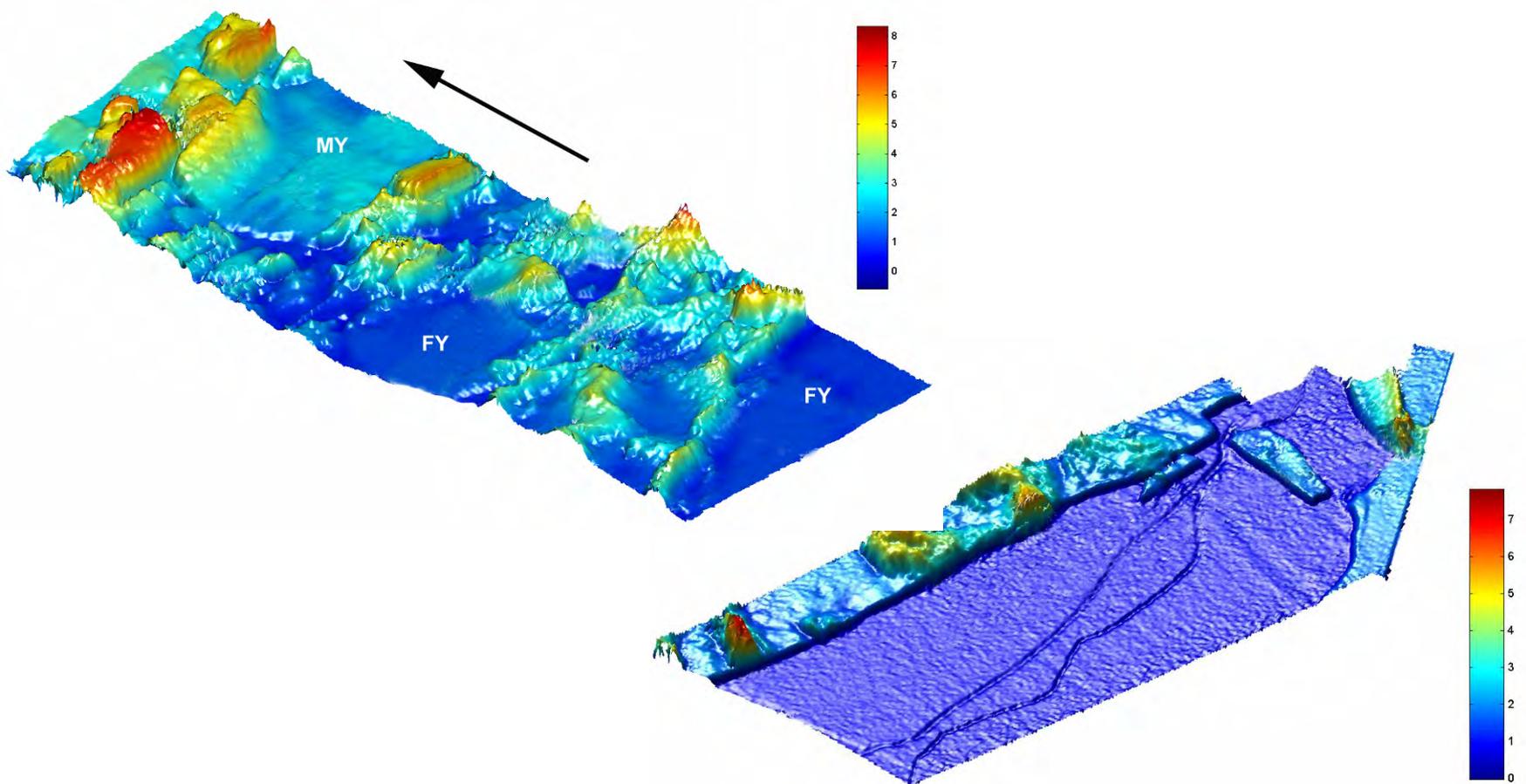
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# Mission data

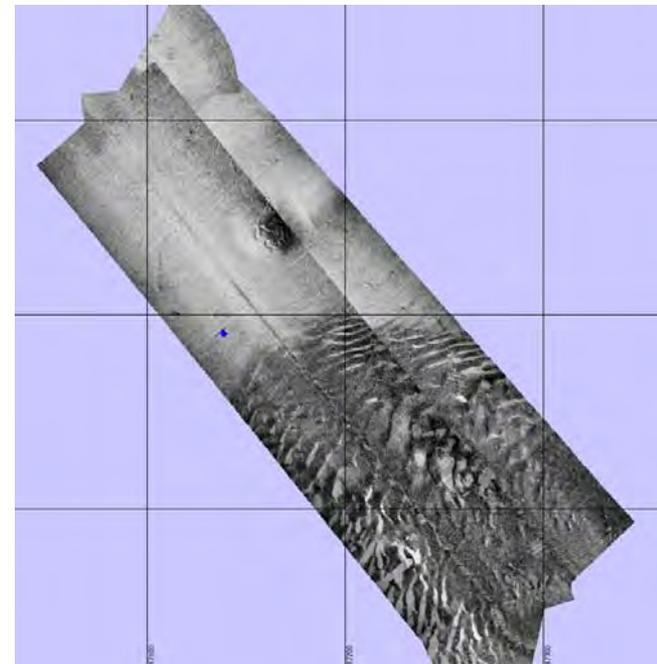
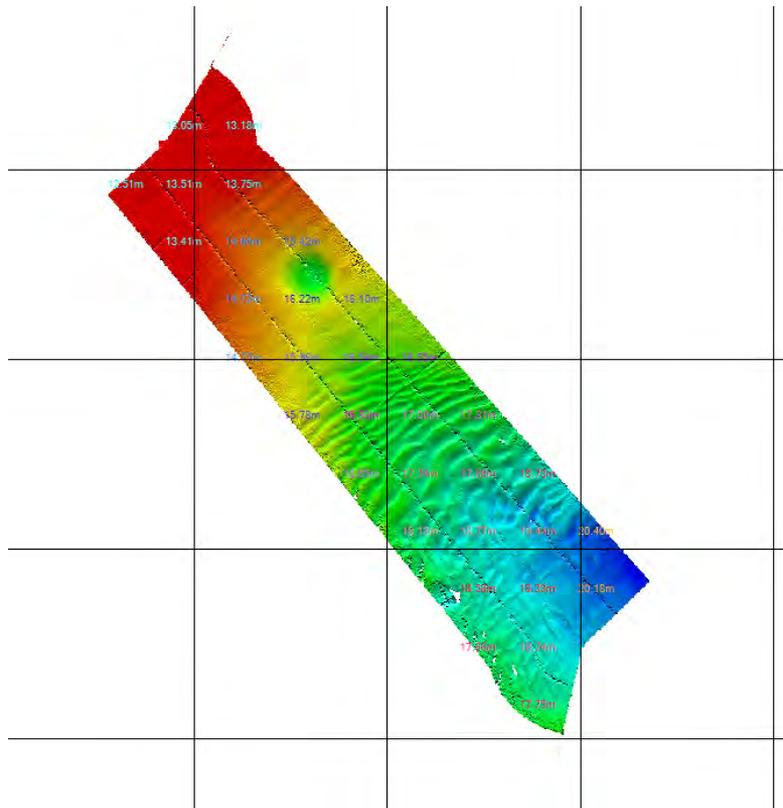


# Maps of the underside of the Arctic ice (from M. Doble and P. Wadhams, University of Cambridge, UK)



- Doble M. J. and Wadhams P. "First Through- Ice Use Of A Small Auv For Mapping The Arctic Sea Ice Underside." *GeoPhysics Research Letters* (in press)
- Doble M. J. and Wadhams P. "Digital terrain mapping of the underside of sea ice from a small AUV" *Journal of Atmospheric and Oceanic Technology* (submitted)

# GeoSwath Plus on Gavia France Oct07



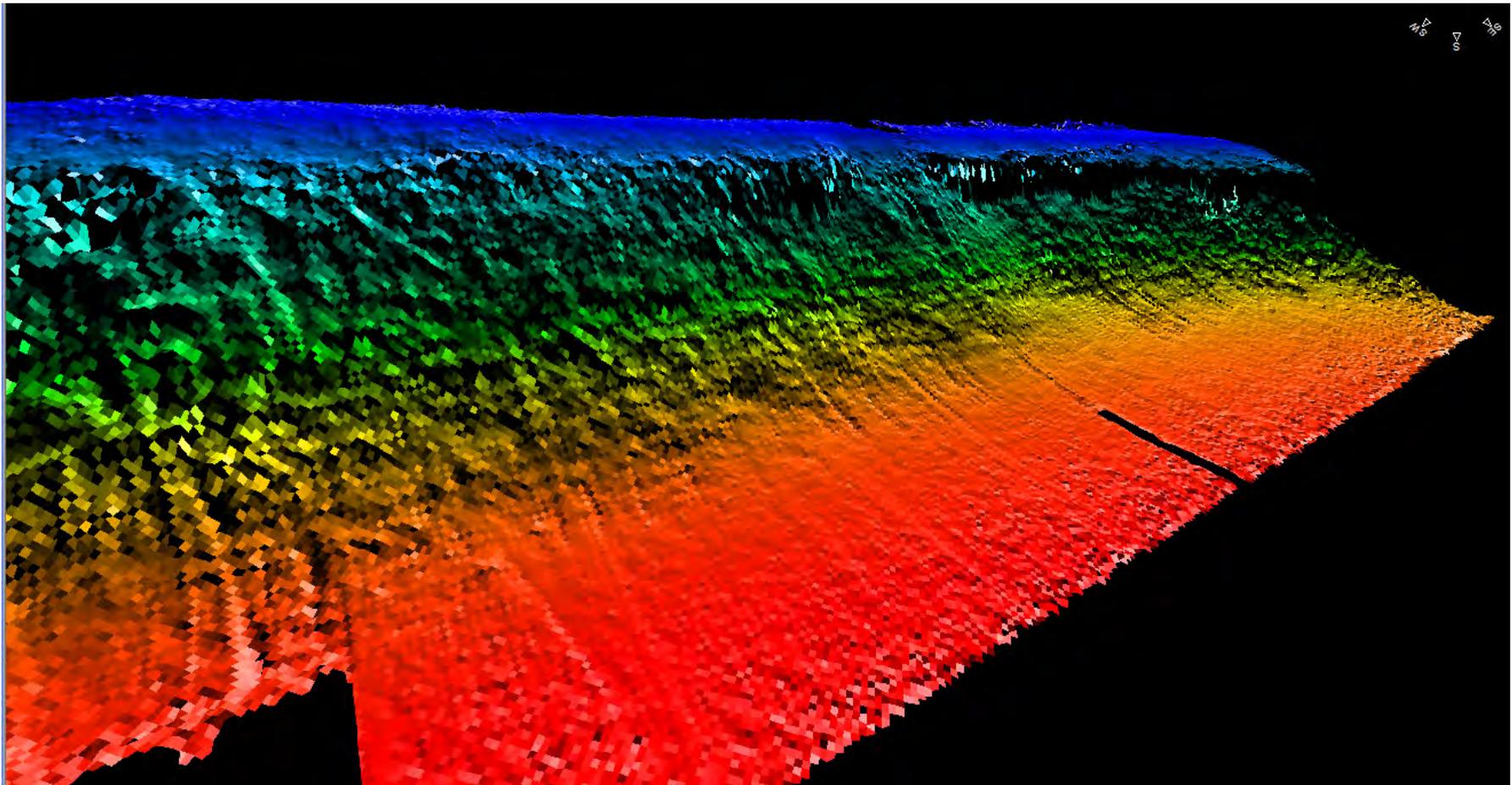




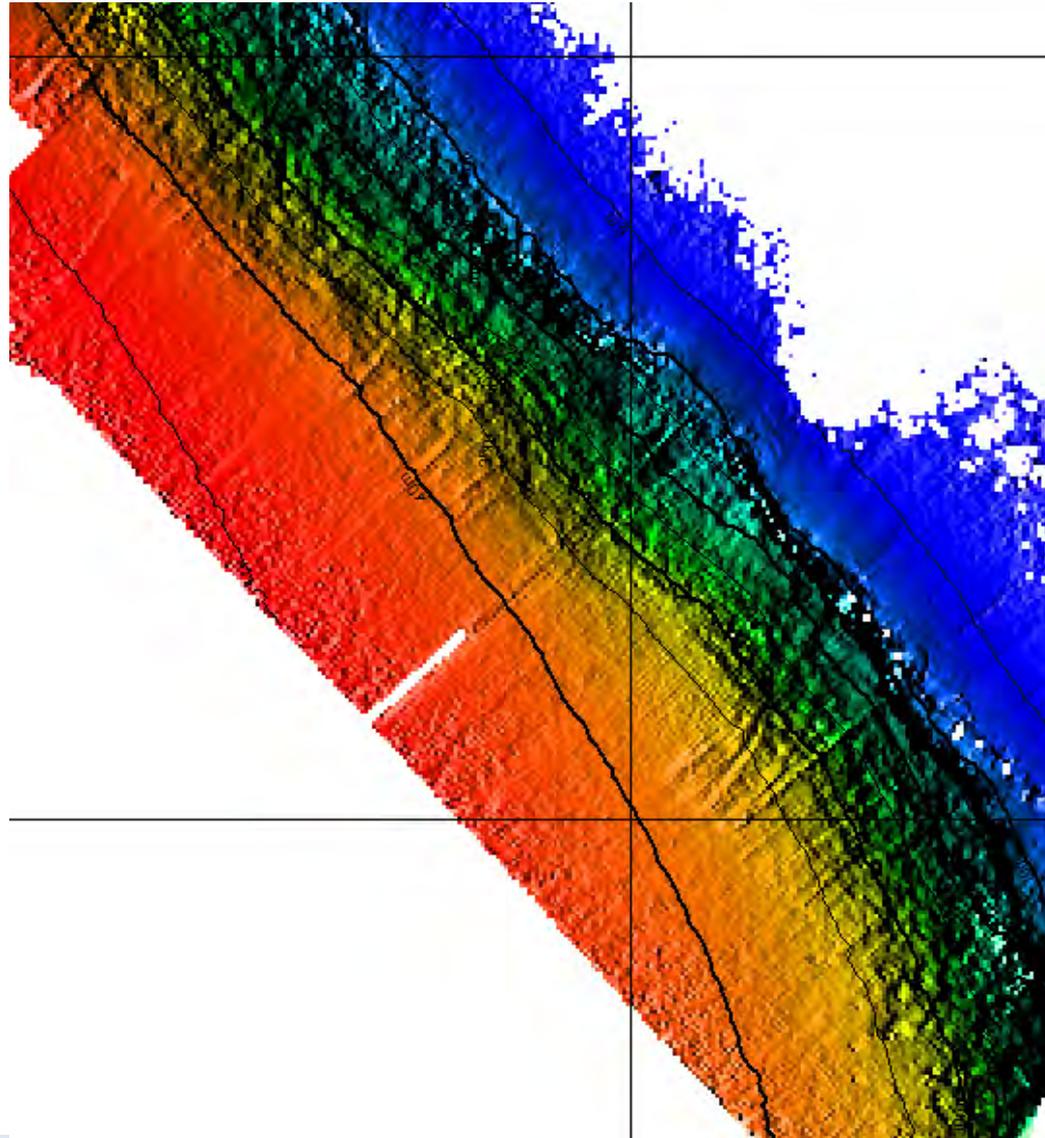
# GeoSwath Plus on Gavia Bonaire 2008



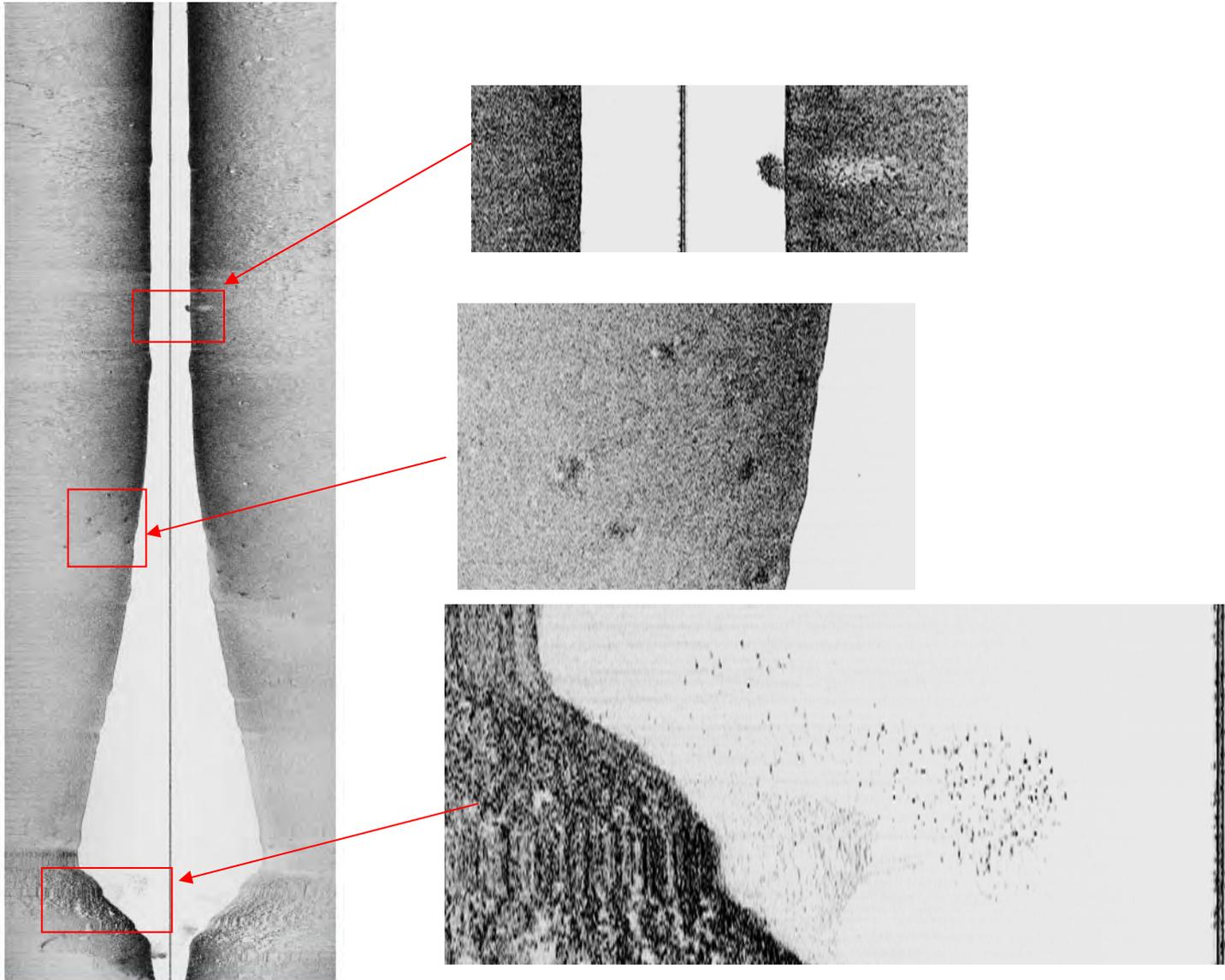
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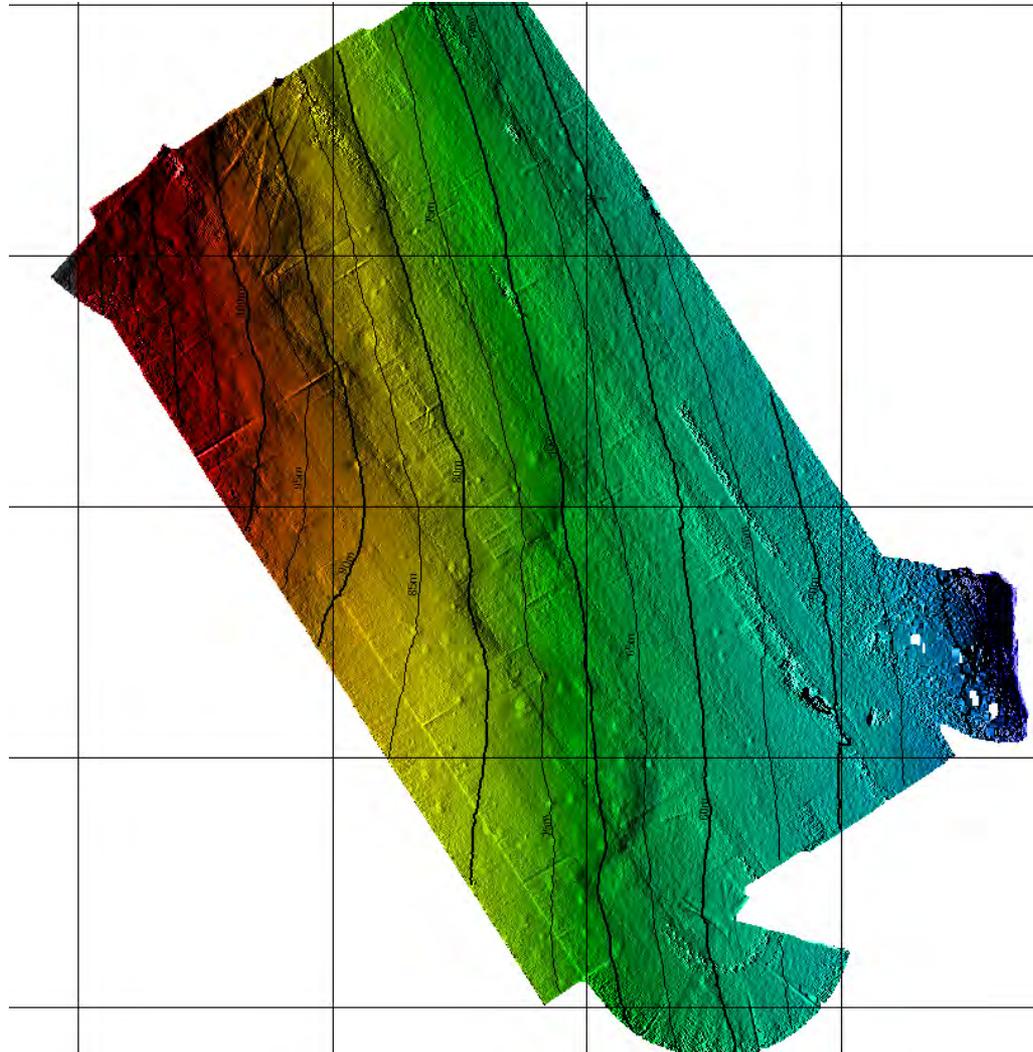
# Bonaire 2008



# Bonaire 2008



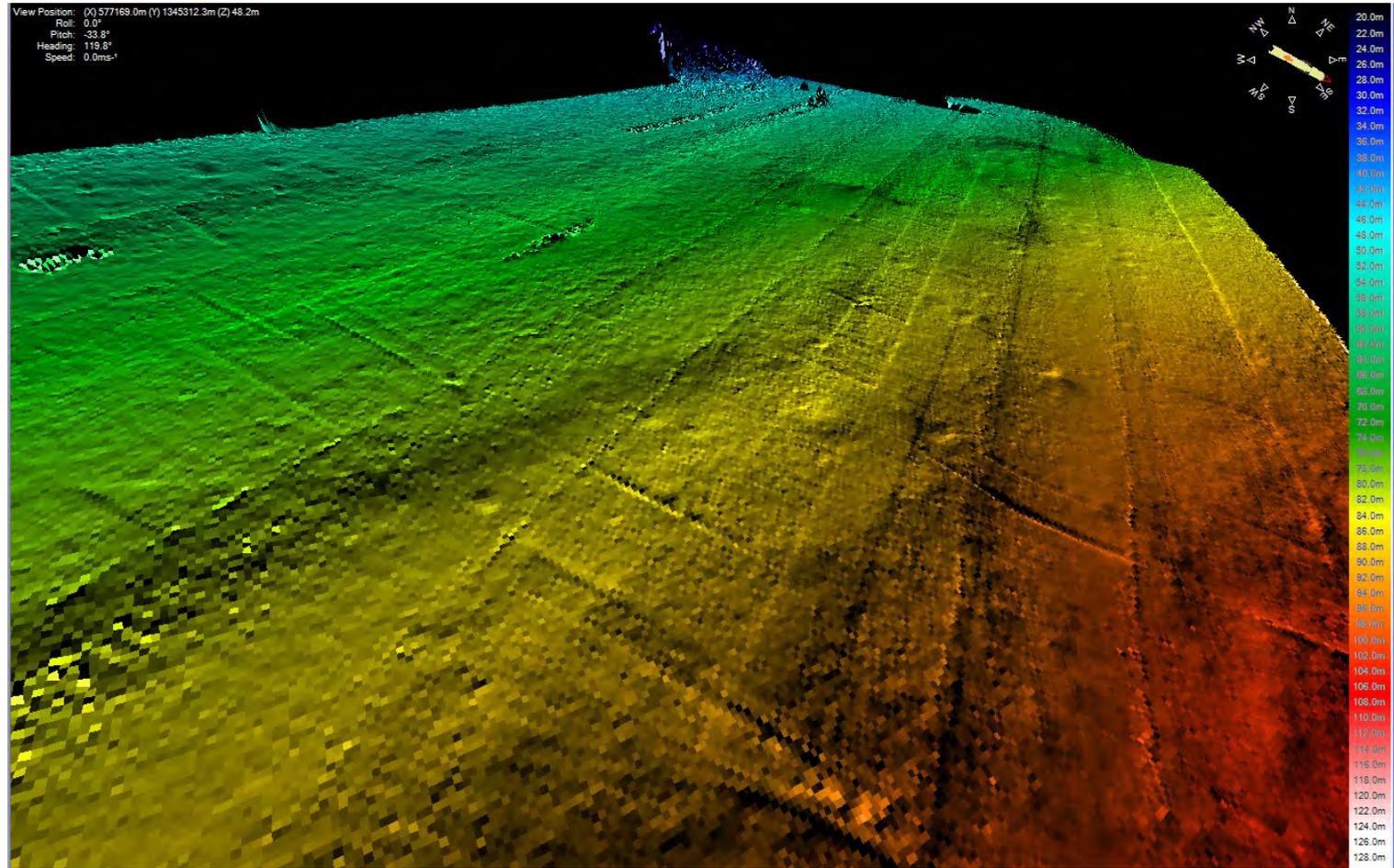
# Bonaire 2008



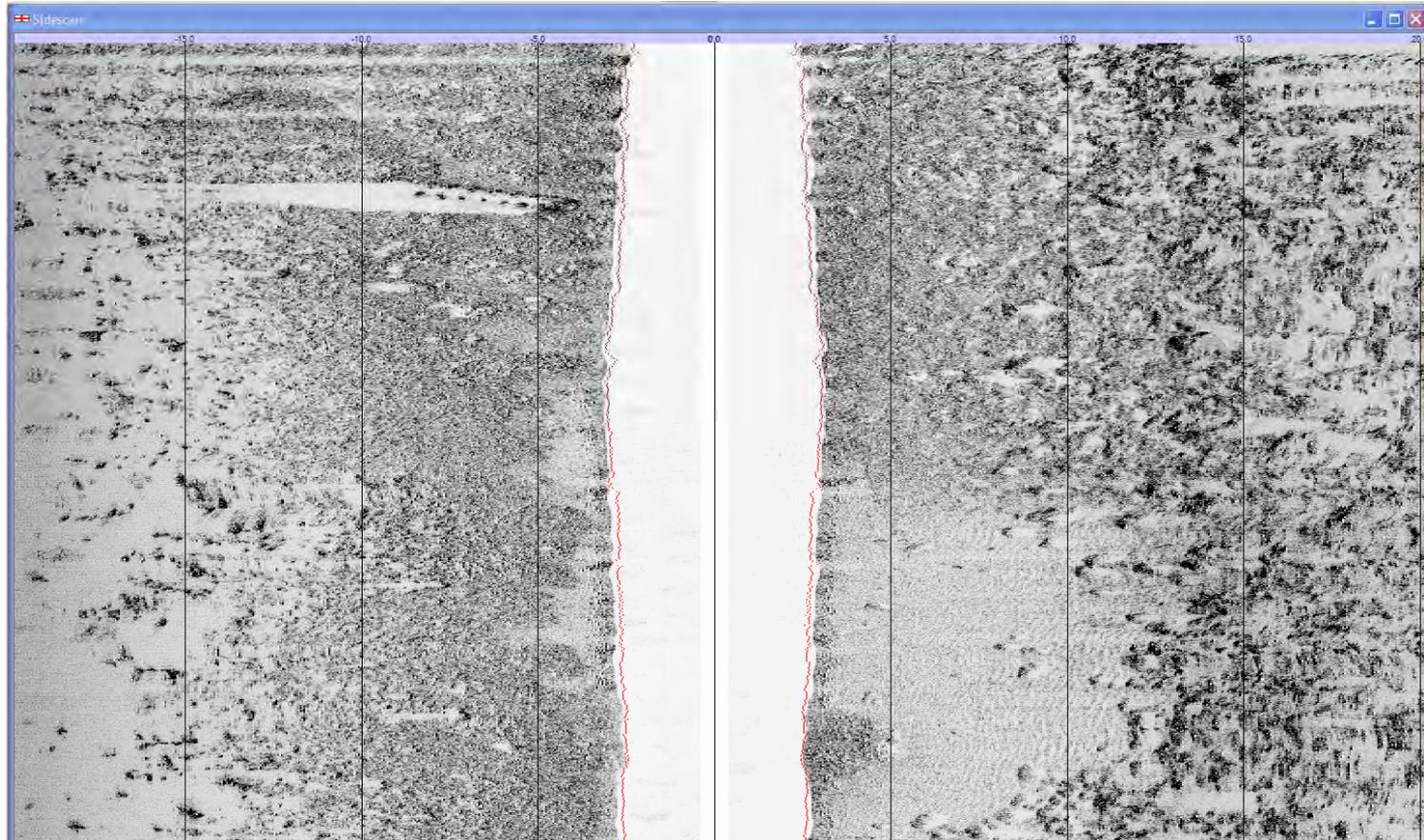
# Bonaire 2008



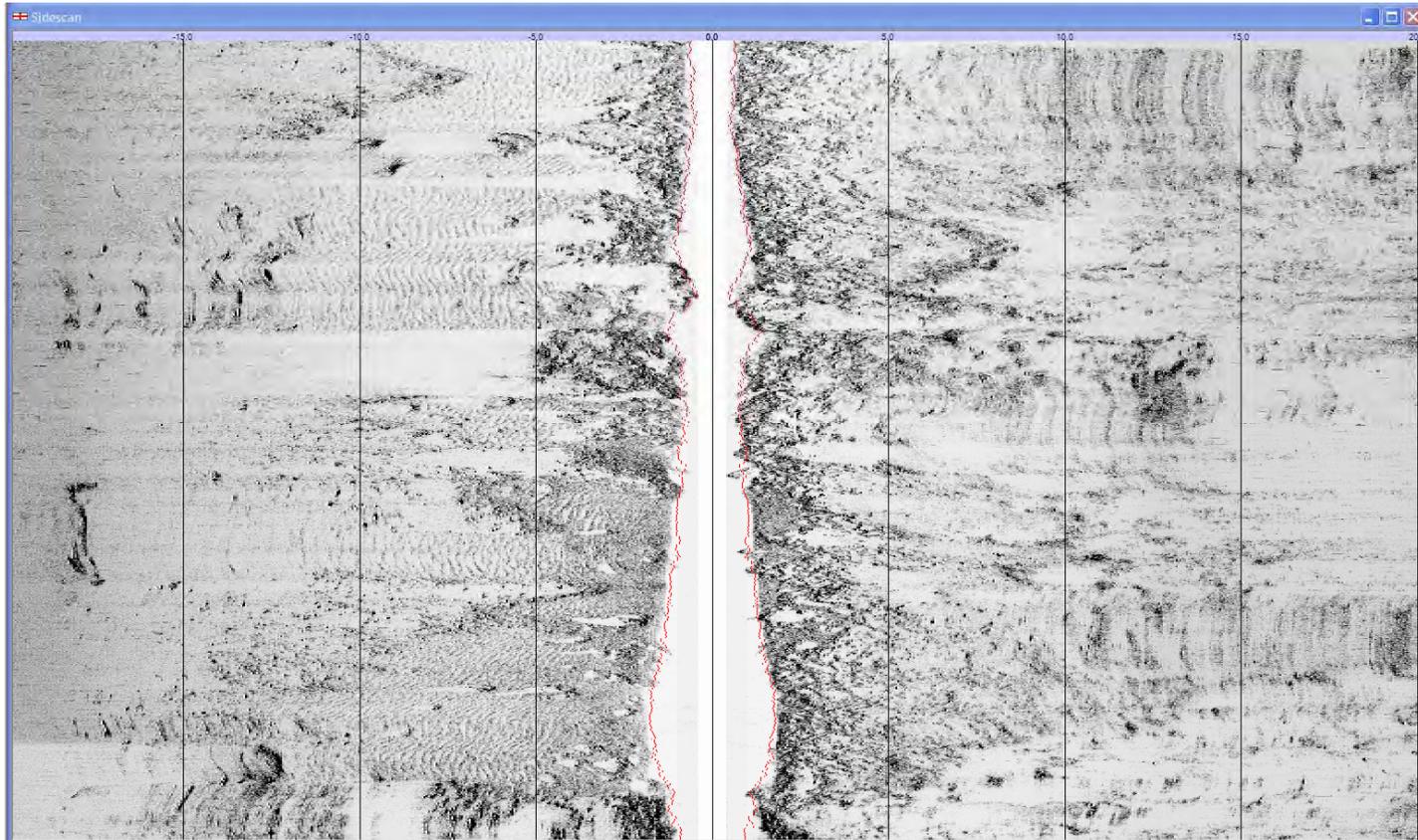
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# Bonaire 2008



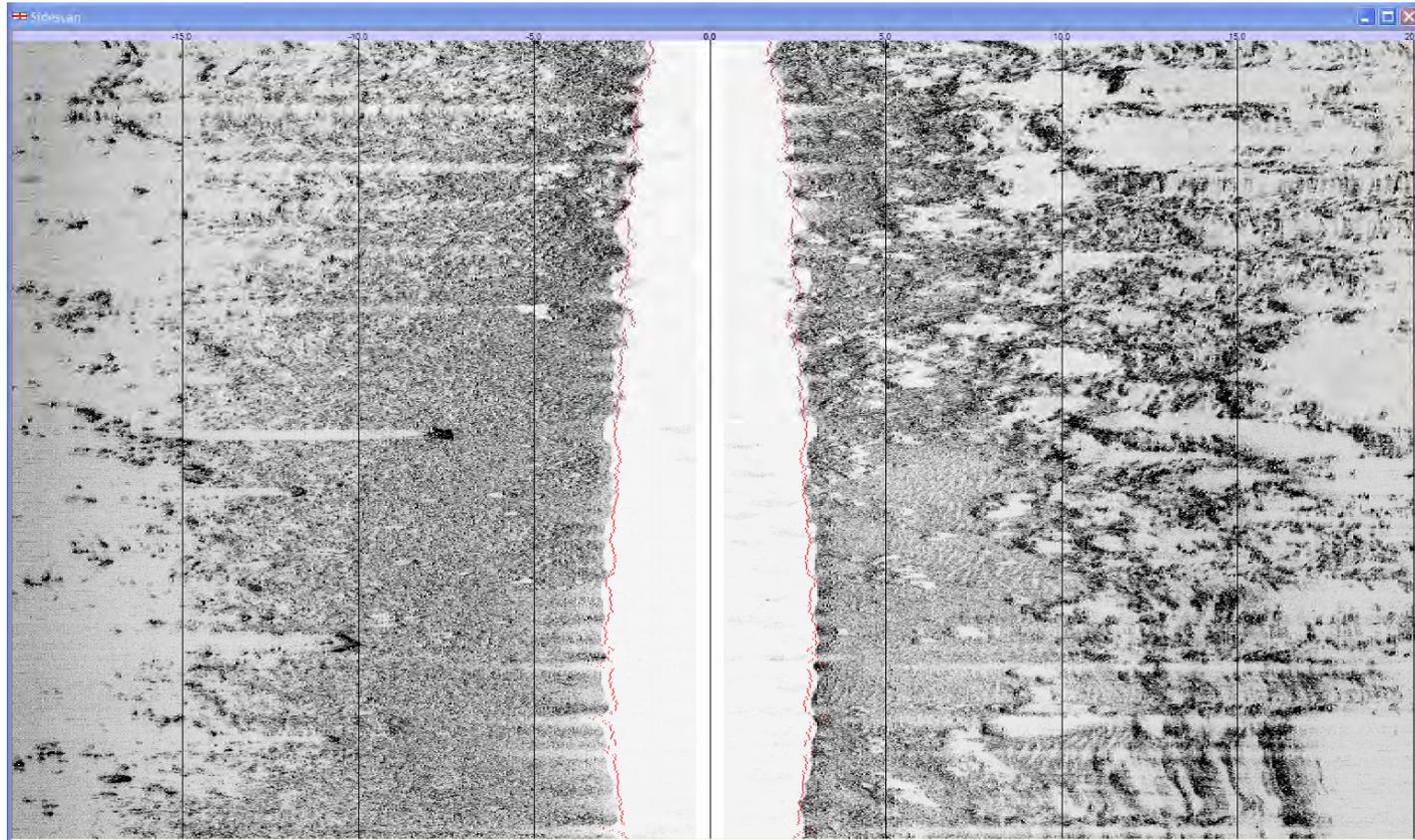
# Bonaire 2008



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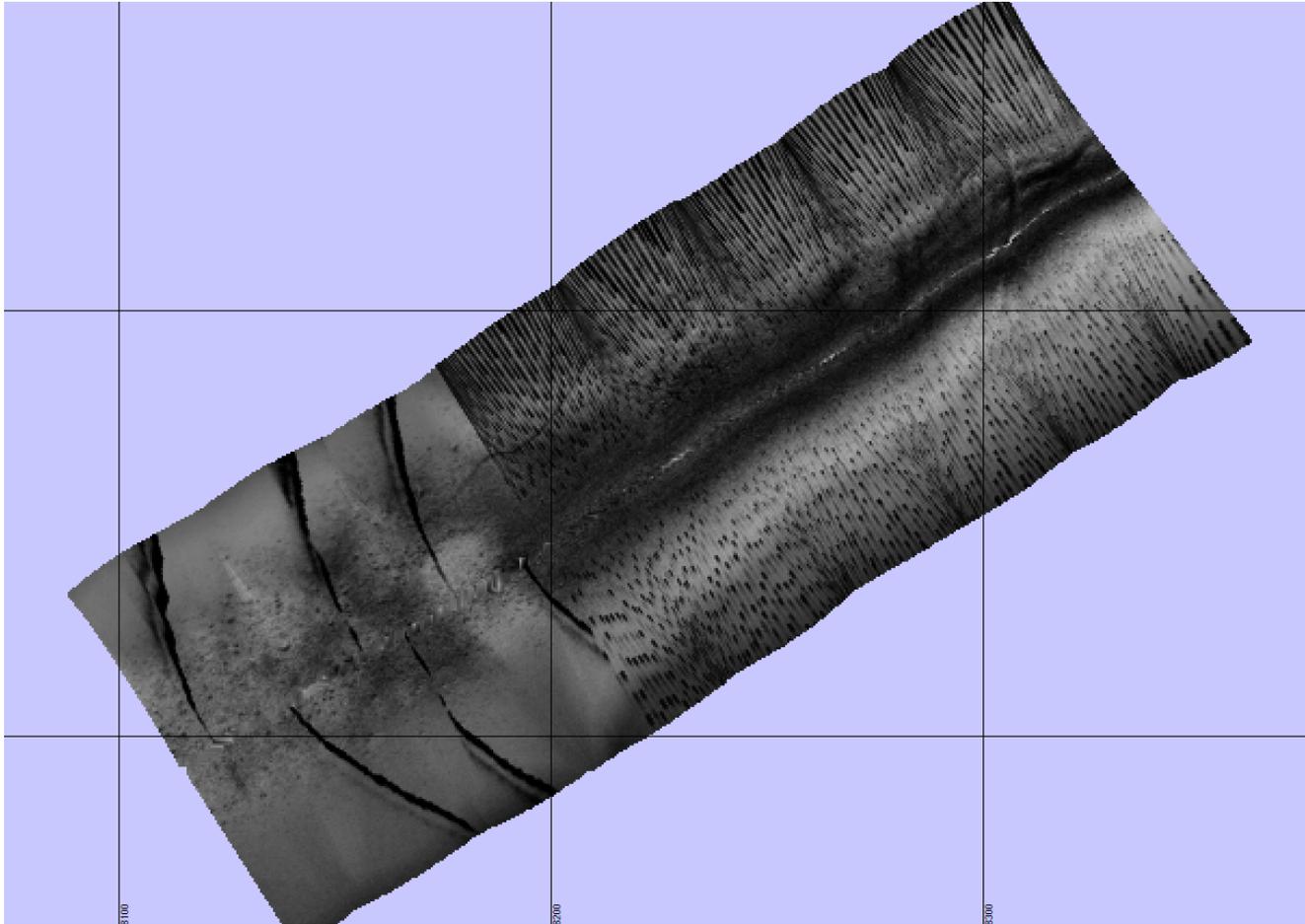
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# BAE Systems, Talisman UUV



# Talisman GeoSwath Side Scan

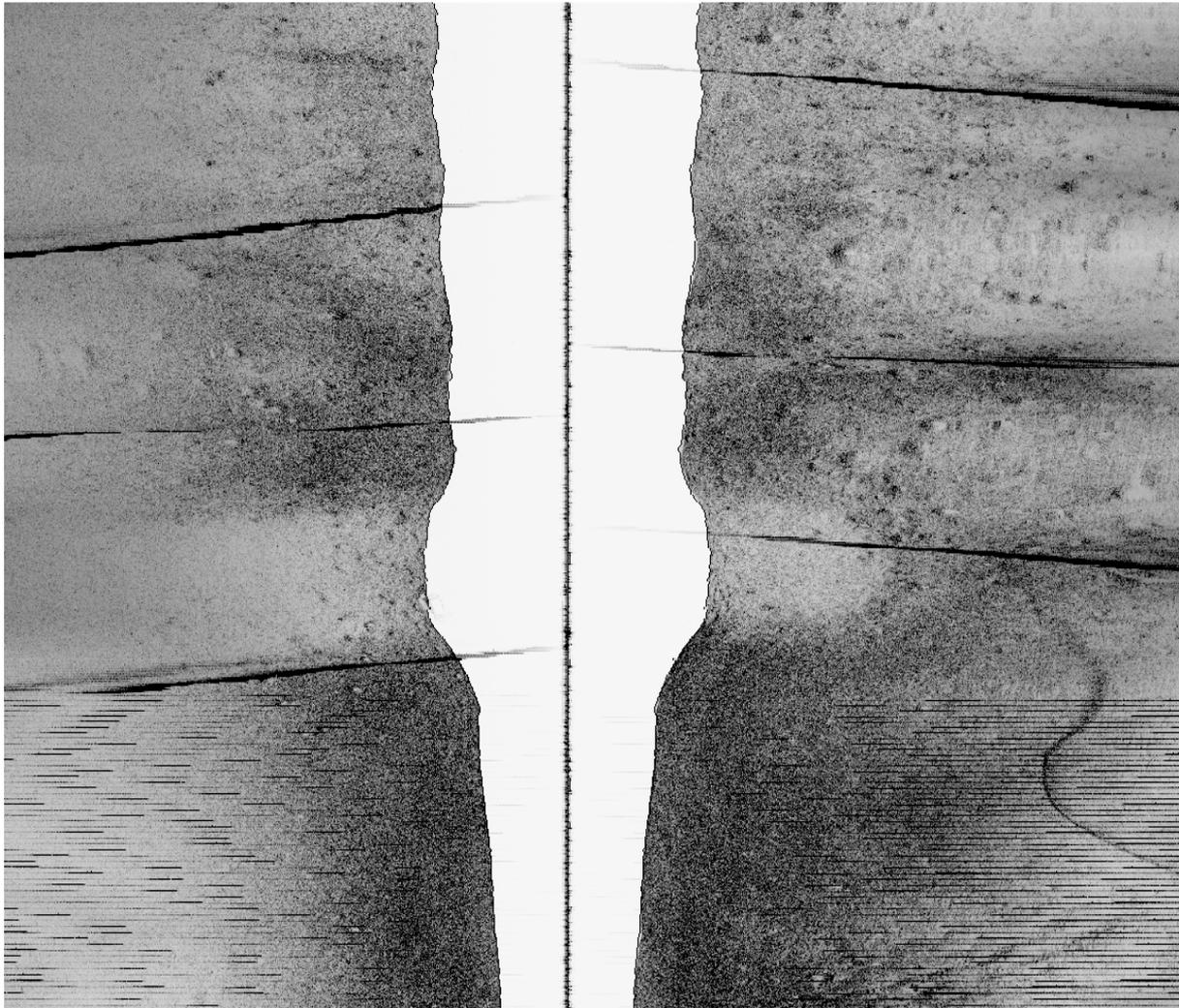


What happens with a 250kHz GeoSwath and 300kHz DVL when the ping synch fails (data from 13th Nov 2007).

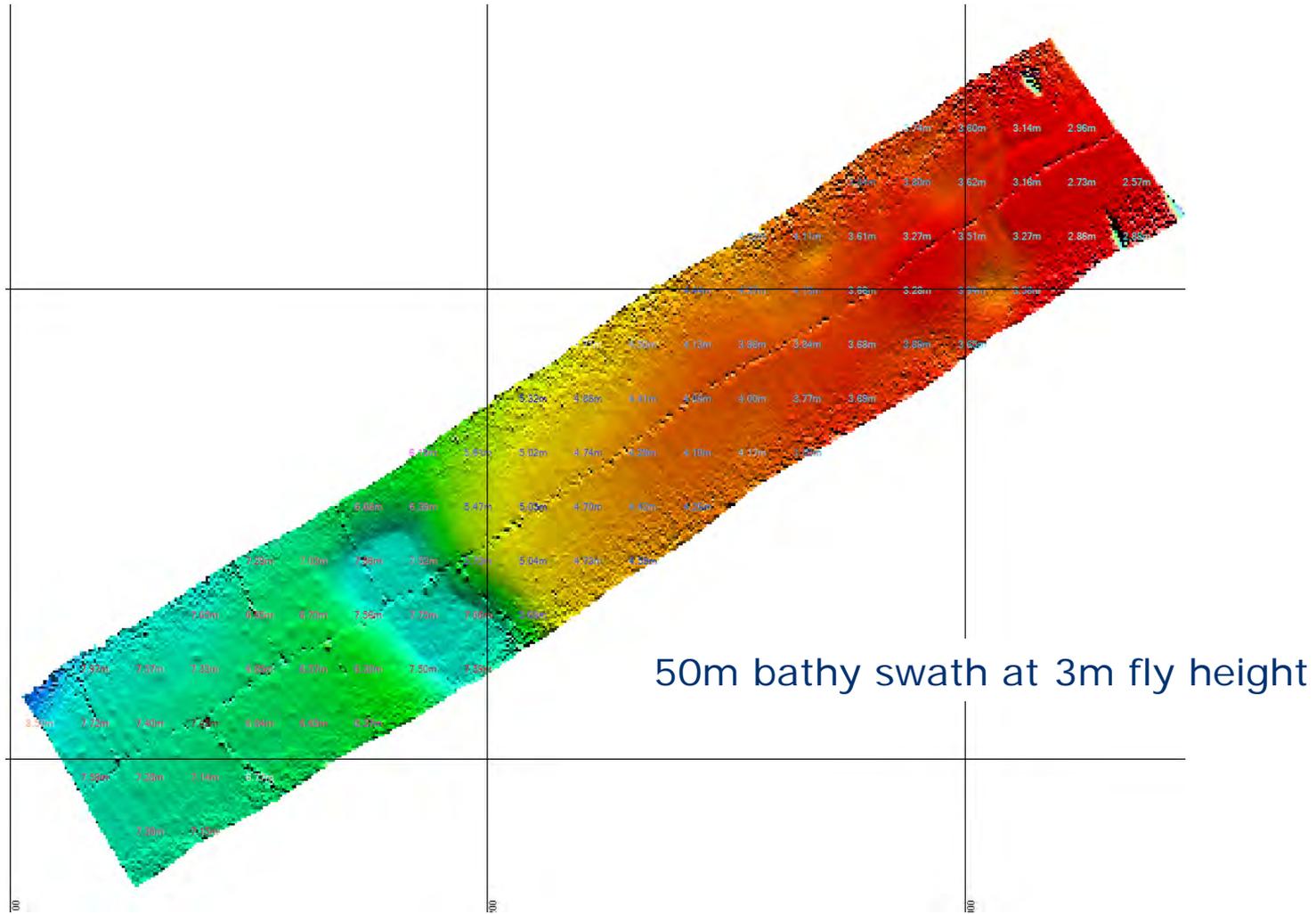
# Talisman GeoSwath Side Scan detail



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# Talisman GeoSwath bathymetry



# Nezha AUV, Harbin Engineering University, China



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- Underwater Robotics Lab
- **Application:** Pipeline survey research.
- **Funding:** China Ocean Mineral Resources R & D Association (COMRA) Organization for coordinating the activities of deep seabed exploration and exploitation.



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# GeoAcoustics

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